Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph.: (O) 40052475, Mobile: 9831499465 E-mail: casshishbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Indian Cable Net Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Indian Cable Net Company Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2021, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

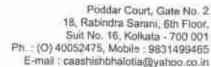
Basis for Qualified Opinion

- 3. The Company's 'Revenue from Operations' include broadcasters' share in subscription income from pay channels, which has correspondingly been presented as an expense which is not in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS-115, 'Revenue from contract with customers'. Had the Management disclosed the same on net basis, the 'Revenue from Operations' and the 'Pay Channel, carriage sharing and related cost' each would have been lower by ₹ 19112 Lakhs for the year ended 31st March 2021 and the profit would have remained the same as currently reported.
- 4. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

- 5. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
- 6. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Provisioning for Expected Credit Loss	We have performed the following procedures for
('ECL')	assessment of sufficiency of the provisioning for ECL:
Trade receivables comprise a significant	
portion of the current financial assets of	





the Company. As at March 31, 2021 trade receivables aggregate ₹ 3869 Lakhs (net of provision for expected credit losses of ₹ 2264 Lakhs).

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

Since the Company has revenue streams which are dissimilar, the management has identified different classes of trade receivables basis the customer profile and nature of service provided or item sold. The management regularly assesses each class of trade receivables for recoverability. Provision for ECL is created by the management considering the recovery trends noted for the respective class, adjusted for forward looking estimates. Additional provision is created for the receivables specifically identified doubtful or non-recoverable.

Estimation of the rates at which provision for ECL is to be created for each revenue stream, involve significant degree of judgment and estimate and is therefore considered a key audit matter.

Evaluation of uncertain tax positions

The Company has material uncertain tax positions including matters under dispute which involves significant judgment to determine the possible outcome of these disputes.

Refer Note 45 to the Standalone Financial Statements

- Obtained the aging of trade receivables and discussed the key receivable balances, considering if any correspondence is available to establish the management's assessment of recoverability of such dues.
- Analysis of the methodology used to determine the provision amount for the current year.
- Assessing key ratios which include collection periods and days outstanding.
- Tested subsequent settlement of trade receivables after the balance sheet date on a sample basis,

We obtained details of completed tax assessments and demands for the year ended March 31, 2021 from management. We involved our internal experts to challenge the management's underlying assumptions in estimating the tax provision and the possible outcome of the disputes. Our internal experts also considered legal precedence and other rulings in evaluating management's position on these uncertain tax positions. Additionally, we considered the effect of new information in respect of uncertain tax positions as at April 1, 2020 to evaluate whether any change was required to management's position on these uncertainties.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

7. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph. : (O) 40052475, Mobile : 9831499465 E-mail : caashishbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

- 8. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 9. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for explaining our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements

- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 16. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 17. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure I statement on the matters specified in clauses 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 18. Further to our comments in Annexure I, as required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;



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- b) Except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The standalone financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) Except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) We have also audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting (IFCoFR) of the Company as on 31 March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date and our report as per Annexure-II expresses a modified opinion.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company, as detailed in note 45 to the standalone financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2021;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2021;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2021;

For A. K. Bhalotia & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 329475E

Ashish Kumar Digitally signed by Ashish Kumar Bhalotia Date: 2021.06.22 21:45:45 +05'30'

(A. K. Bhalotia)
Proprietor
Membership No.: 065860
UDIN: 21065860AAAABH1929

Place: Kolkata Date: 22 June 2021

Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph.: (O) 40052475, Mobile: 9831499465 E-mail: casshishbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

Annexure - I to the Independent Auditor's Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a program of verification of it's fixed assets to cover all items in a phased manner over a period of three years other than set top boxes, which are in possession of customers/third parties and distribution equipment comprising overhead and underground cables and other equipment. Management is of the view that it is not possible to physically verify these assets due to their nature and location. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, the existence of set top boxes is verified on the basis of the 'active user' status in the system. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

In our opinion, other than for physical verification of set top boxes and distribution and other equipment referred to above, the frequency of verification of fixed assets is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) Physical verification of inventory except Set Top Boxes including smart cards with local cable operators and Direct Subscribers has been conducted by the Management at reasonable intervals. No material discrepancies were noticed in the physical stock as compared with the book records.
- (iii) The company has not granted any loan, secured or unsecured, to companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in register 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence clauses 3(iii) (a), 3(iii)(b) and 3(iii)(c) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of Loans, Investments, Guarantees and security, provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with wherever applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3(v) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products and services of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the company in this connection and are of the opinion that the prima facie the records have been maintained. We have not however made a detailed examination of the records with the view to determine whether they are accurate and complete.
- (vii) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and services tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities.

Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph. : (O) 40052475, Mobile : 9831499465

E-mail: caeshinhbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, there are following disputed liability Outstanding as on 31st March 2021:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)	Amount paid under Protest (₹ In Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Finance Act,1994	Service tax	86.54	6.49	F.Y. 2014-15	Commissioner of CGST & CX, Kolkata(Appeals-1)
Finance Act,1994	Service tax	67.93	5.09	F.Y. 2012-13 to F.Y. 2016- 17	Commissioner Central Excise (Appeal)- Gautambuddha Nagar, UP
Finance Act,1994	Service tax	24.79 plus Interest	1.69	F.Y. 2016-17 to F.Y. 2017- 18	Commissioner of CGST & CX, Kolkata(Appeals-1)
West Bengal VAT Act	VAT	407.89	-	F.Y. 2015-16	West Bengal Taxation Tribunal
CST Act	CST	7.75	-	F.Y. 2015-16	Calcutta High Court
The W.B. Tax on Entry of Goods into Local Area Act,2012	Entry Tax and Interest	401.15	36.94	F.Y. 2012- 2013 to 2017-18	Calcutta High Court
Entertainment Tax	Entertain ment tax	87.21	-	Till May 2015	Allahabad High Court
Jharkhand VAT Act	Jharkhand VAT	55.99	50.67	F.Y. 2015-16	Commissioner of Commercial Taxes, Ranchi, Jharkhand
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	689.77	255.33	A. Y. 2016- 17 to 2018-19	National Faceless Appeal Centre
Customs Act, 1962	Custom Duty	6670.79	20.00	F.Y. 2015-16 to 2017-18	Additional Director General (Adjudication), Directorate of Revenue Intelligence, Delhi / High Court, Delhi

- (viii) On the basis of the records examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to banks. There were no dues of loans or borrowings from any Financial Institution, Government or debenture holders.
- (ix) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied by the Company during the year for the purpose for which they were obtained.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the company or on the



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Company by it's officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid/provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion, the company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, clause 3(xii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 & 188 of the Act as applicable. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules.
- (xiv) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Therefore clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Therefore, clause 3(xvi) of the order is not applicable.

For A. K. Bhalotia & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 329475E

Ashish Kumar Bhalotia Digitally signed by Ashish Kumar Bhalotia Date: 2021.06.22 21:47:21 +05:30'

(A.K. Bhalotia)
Proprietor

Membership No.: 065860 UDIN: 21065860AAABH1929

Place: Kolkata Date: 22 June 2021

Bolance Sheet as at March 31, 2021			₹ta Laki
	Notes	31ar 31, 2021	Mar 31, 262
A. Assets			
1. Non-current assule		BB 400	
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	29,412	35,22
(b) Capital work in progress	4	2,594	1,693
(c) investment Property	5	6,498	6,60
(4) Goodwill	ď	2,207	Z, (0'
(e) Other Intangible Assets (f) Financial Assets	6	5,093	7,05
(i) Investments	7	1.640	1,860
(i) Loans	8	1,648 4,892	1
(iii) Other Financial Assets	g	148	154
(g) Other Non-current Assets	10	707	644
(2) Other restricted Assets	20	,va	4
Sab-total of Non-current Assats		53,)14	55,462
f. Current Assets			
(a) Invocaties	11	102	77
(b) Fleeucial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	12	3,869	7,171
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	13	4,353	11,401
((II) Hank Bolances other (ii) above	14	3	(
(lv) Louis	15		-
(v) Other Financial Assets	16	708	410
(e) Current Tax Assets	1.7	1,141	970
(d) Other Current Assats	18	554	1,065
ub-total of Current Astels		10,730	21,100
l'otal avsets	••••	63,843	76,562
3. Equity and Liabilities			
Equity	19	8,640	8.640
(a) Equity Shore Capital	20	34,429	23,434
(b) Other Equity inb-total - Equity		43,069	42,074
	_		
eshtildot.			
Non-current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Bonowings	21	3,500	14,564
(fi) Other Flyonefal Liabilities	22	610	1,443
(b) Provisions	23	412	395
(c) Deferred Tax Liability (net)	24	243	790
(d) Other Mon-current Liabilities	25	179	140
gh-total - Non-eurrent Llabilities		4,944	17,35,1
Current Liabilities		•	
(a) Pioancial Liabilities	26	1 777	
(i) Barrowings	26 27	1,703	•
 (ii) Trace trayables constanting does of creditors for micro enterprises 	PI	16	93
Bud about enterprises		2.202	0.700
outstanding does of creditors others	40	7,300	9,125
(E3) Other Funancial Limbilities	28	4,547	5,578
(b) Other Current Liabilities	29	7,241	2,124
(e) Provisions	30	29	17
(b-total of Current Lisbiblion	_	LS,836	17,137
otal Equity and Lisbüitles	mich.	63,843	76,562
omnuscy of significant accounting policies	3		

For A.K. Shalmia & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. - 3294/5E)

A.K. Ehafolis Proprietor Membership No.-065860

Place - Kolksta Daje Surendfi Komer Agerwale Whole Time Director DR-40559316

Laxada Singh Kalen Campacy Serrelary Seresh Kamer Sethiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349898

Kolkata

For Indian Cable Net Co Ltd (192132WB1995PLC075754

> Atta Komer Singh C.F.O

•	Notes		24 . 01 000
	INOtes	Mar 31, 2021	March 31, 262
Revenue			
Revenue from Operations	31	40,906	42,780
Other Income	32	1,778	1,223
Total Revenue	_ : _	42,684	44,003
Expenses			
Cost of Materials Consumed	33	53	34
Cost/Purchase of Goods Sold	34	948	1,100
Pay Channel and related costs	35	24,705	25,210
Employee Benefits Expense	36	1,959	1,847
Finance Costs	37	1,008	2,129
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	38	7,898	8,337
Other Expenses	39	5,111	5,241
Total Expenses		41,682	43,898
Profit /(Loss) before exceptional (tems		1,062	106
Exceptional Iterus (Refer Note no : 61)			1.963
Profit /(Loss) before tax		1,007	(1,857)
Tax Expenses		25	(1,847)
(a) Current Tax			
For Current Year		469	170
For Earlier Year		103	
(b) Deforzed Tax		(547)	(1,217)
Profit /(Loss) for the year		977	(810)
Other Comprehensive Income	40	18	(46)
Cotal Comprehensive Income for the year	r <u> </u>	995	(856)
Barning Per Share (₹)	41		
Basie .		1.13	(0,94)
Düuted		1.13	(0.94)
lummary of significant accounting policies	3		
he accompanying notes are an integral part	t of these fin	ancial statements.	

For A.K., Bhalotia & Co. Chartesed Accountants (Firm Registration No. - 329475E)

For Indian Cable Net Co Ltd (£92132WB1995PLC0757547

A.K Bhalotia Proprietor Membership No.-065860

Lauman Singh Kaira

Whole Time Director

DIN-00569816

Sutesh Kumar Sathiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098

Place - Kolkata Date -

Company Secretary

Atul Kumar Singh

C.F.O

Craft Flow Statement for year ended:	March 2021	
Cristian Control of Co		n Laukbs
PARTICULANS	3.5 March 181	3J ⁴ Mattit 202
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities;		
Net Profit before tax	1,002	100
Adjustment for :- Degree into on		
	7,898	2,337
Loss on selectificate biological biological field of Fixed Assets	13	17
Eass ((Profit) on paie of lave images Bad Debts written off (Vet of Provisions) (PY Ro 398224)	1	(2.59
Provision for Retirement Beasilf and Compensated	t 33	22
dysenber	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Provision for STOs Chura	21	,,,
Liability as langer required verities back (Nat)	(767)	23 (209
Unrealized loss (spin) on Envestment	214	(70
Provision for doubtful Debt & Advance	420	603
Unreadised Foreign Exchange Gelo (Loss)	727	
Interest Paid & Borrowing cost		(70
Interest on Fixed Conosit IT Rahand / Others	800,3	2,129
Distracting profit before working capital changes) (S10) 9,340	(111)
оресания, риоле извисе worming сарина слашде: Chango in working capital	7,514	10,537
lacrense/(Decrease) in Trada physibles	(1,347)	2,261
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	317	382
Increase(Decrease) in other non current liabilities	(508)	(10)
formerse(Decrease) in other opposit financial liabilities	(1,300)	(2,389)
Increase((Decrease) in other man current financial liabilities	(832)	68
Detected/Intresec) in Todde receivable	2,637	2,070
Decrease/(Increase) in Invanjories	(25)	25
Decrease/(increase) in current advances	1	125
Decreasoft Increase) in Other Non Current Emproint Assets	_ !	44
Degrees (Ingresse) in Other Corner Financial Assets	(297)	614
Decrease/(necrease) in calum caluman assula	511	(143)
Decrease (factorists) in other mon-current assets	185	(403)
Cash Generation from Operating Activities before exceptional them	8,730	13,161
Exceptional from	9,130	(1,963)
ash Generation from Operating Activities after exceptional from	\$.730	11,199
theome Ten Puid (Including 1705)	(202)	(237)
us Casa Generation from operating Andylties	6,528	10,941
Cashilow From Inwesting Activities		
Purefixes of Property, Plant and Equipment/Intengible	(2,022)	(598)
Assets /CWIIVInvestreen Projectly/Capital Advance	(2,024)	(274)
Realization of Capital Advance given		5,377
Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	1,490	36
Javestment in Musical Pland	1	(18,300)
Salo of Mutual First	1 - 1	18,560
Interest on Pixed Deposit/ TT Refrind / Others	510	tit
Investment in FD/Terra Deposit/Louis	(4,773)	2
et Cosh, Generation from Investing Activities	(5,3,35)	S,187
- Cashilow From Fluancine Activities:		
Interest Paid	(1,00%)	(2,129)
Bornwings Token / (Repayment)	(9,381)]	(3,8)2)
Pricipal repayment of Lease Liebilities	(52)	(30)
et Casti Generation from Financing Activities	(10,445)	(5,991) }
et Locrease/(decrease) (o Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	(7,048)	10,137
onk & Coats Equivalent at the beginning of the year	11,401	1,263
ash the Cash Repulsadest at the end of the year	កុន	11,401
Cash & Cash Equivalent include	As 90 31" Mar 2025	As oo 33° Mar 2020
Cosh Balence	I,183	5,021
Bank Bulance	J 360	3,725
Deposits - Free Materity within 3 months	2,810	2,654
Cash & Cash Equivalent Reported	4,353	11,401

Notes: Previous years' figures are regrouped wherever necessary,

Cash Flow Saxament referred in our report of even date.

For A.K. Bhaletin & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Regulatetion No. - 329475%)

A.K Disalezia Proprietor Membership No.: 065360

Place - Kolkate Diric - Per Iodiae Cable Net Co Ltd {U92132WB1995PLC075759}

Suferior Kiljaan Agarwats Vhole Time Director VN-60569816

Laxiosa Singli Kaira Campany Searctary Seresh Kumar Sethiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098 👡

Atral Kuksoer Singer

C.F.O

Indian Calde Net Company Limited

		·		Other Equity			
Particulars	Equity Share Capital	Securities Promium Reserve	Retained Earnings	Cash Flow Hodge Reserve	Remesaureme at of Defined Benefit Plans (OCI)	Total Other Equity	Total
Balance et 1 April 2019	8,640	18,968	15,327		(4)	34,290	42,930
Profit for the year	-	- [(810))	(810)	(810
Other Comprehensive Income					(46)	(46)	(46
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	(810)			(810)	(810
Balance at 31st March, 2020	8,640	18,968	14,536	7	(50)	33,434	42,074
Balance at 1 April 2020 Profit for the year	8,640	18,968	14,516 977	-	(50)	33, 434 977	42,074 977
Other Comprehensive Income	i	i	.		18	18	18
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	. 977			977	977
Bajanco at 31st Murch 2021	8,640	18,968	15,493		(32)	34,429	43,869

Statement in change in Equity referred to our report of even date.

For A.K. Bhalotia & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. - 3294752)

A.K. Bhalotia Proprietor Membership No.-065860

Place - Kotkata Date - For Indian Cubic Net Co Ltd_ [U92132WB1995PLC075754]

Sufendrij Kumar Agarwala Whole Time Director DIN-00569816

Laxmon Singh Kaira Company Secretary Suresh Kumar Serhiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098

Atul Kumar Singh C.F.O

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 312 March 2021

1 Corporate Information

Indian Cable Net Co. Ltd. ('the company' or 'ICNCL') was incorporated on 6th December, 1995 and is engaged in the business of distribution of television channels through digital cable distribution network, and other related services.

ICNCL is a Subsidiary of Siti Networks Ltd. with its registered office in Kolkata, West Bengal.

2 Besis of preparation

(a) Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with rejevant rules of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 read with companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules as amended from time to time.

(b) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for following :

- a) Financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that is measured at Fair value/ Amortised cost;
- b) Non-current assets held for sale measured at the lower of the earlying amounts and fair value less cost to self;
- Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;

(c) Eunstional and Presentation Currency

The Financial Statements have been presented in Indian Rupers (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in fNR has been rounded off to the nearest takks as per the requirements of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year, unless otherwise mentioned, and are explained below-

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Use of estimates and Critical accombing judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and Expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current or fature periods. The most significant techniques for estimation are described in the accounting policies below. Critical accounting judgments and the key sources of estimation or uncortainty in applying the Company's accounting policies arise in relation to the following and also in relation to other accounting policies as stated elsewhere:

(i) Property, Plant & Equipment

Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost/deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Leasehold Land is amortised over the period of useful life. Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Intangible Asset

Network Assets, Software and VC Cards are included in the Balance sheet as an Intengible asset where they are clearly linked to long term economic benefits for the Company. In this case they are measured initially at purchase cost and then amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Intengible assets acquired in a business combination (Goodwill) are reported at cost less accumulated impairment losses, If any.

(iii) Revenue Recognition

The Carriage, Marketing and Placement income is recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss on the basis of contract with the enstorners. Since this is a continuous service, therefore in few cases the Income is recognised following the trend of past basis in the absence of agreement pending renewal.

(iv) Claims, Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

The Company has angoing litigations with various regulatory authorities and third parties. Where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, management provides for its best estimate of the liability. Such accruals are by nature complex and can take number of years to resolve and can involve estimation uncertainty. Information about such litigations is provided in notes to the financial statements.

(v) Uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

The Company has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandernic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of receivables, unbilled revenues and investment in subsidiaries. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Company, as at the date of approval of these financial statements has used internal and external sources of information including credit reports and related information, economic forecasts. The Company has performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used and based on current estimates expects the carrying amount of these assets will be recovered. The impact of COVID-19 on the Company's financial statements may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

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(i)

Notes to fluoreigi statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment

(f) Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment is recognised at cost/deemed cost less accumulated depreciation or impairmment losses if any, incurred to bring the asset to the present condition and location. The cost of fixed assets comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the Item to its intended working condition and estimated costs of dismantling, removing and restoring the site on which it is located, wherever applicable.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The items of spare parts, stand-by equipments and servicing equipments that satisfy the definition and recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment is classified under Capital work in progress. Capital Work in progress comprises of the cost of fixed assets that are not put to use at the reporting date.

Set top boxes are treated as part of Capital Work in Progress till at the end of the month of activation, after which the same are depreciated,

(ii) Depreciation on Tangible Assets

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on straight line method over the useful tives of assets estimated by the Management. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during the period is proportionately charged. Lesschold land is amortized over the effective period of lesse. The details of estimated life for each category of asset are as follows:

ASSET	Estimated useful life based on SLM
Buildings	60 years
Computers and Data Processing Equipment	3 years
Plant and Machinery	8 /15 years
Sei Top Boxes	8 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	§ years
Studio Equipments	13 years
Office Equipments	5 years
Softwares which are an integral part of Property, Plant and Equipment	6 years

(iii) Disnosal of Assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or whom no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or relirement of an Item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between not disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(iv) Reclassification to Investment Property

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified as investment property at its carrying amount on the date of reclassification.

(c) Intaugible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill acquired on business combination is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other Intangible Assets acquired through purchaselon business combination are necessived on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Asset

Network Assets

M. Com Software and VC Cards

Estimated useful life based on SLM

10 years

6 years

Notes to figureial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

(d) **Envestment Property**

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Upon initial recognition, an investment property is measured at cost, Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The management believes a period of 60 years as representing the best estimate of the period over which investment properties (which are quite similar) are expected to be used. Accordingly, the Company depreciates investment properties over a period of 60 years on a straight-line basis.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from the use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The net difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the feir value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer. The company has obtained valueation report for the Fair Valuetion of the same.

(e) Investment in subsidierles, joint ventures and associates

Subsidiaries are entities over which the company has control. The company controls an entity when the company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only whom decisions about the retevant activities require manimous consent of the parties sharing control.

An associate is an eatity over which the company has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decision of the investee but has no copital or joint control over those policies.

The Company's investments in its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted at cost and reviewed for impairment at each reporting date.

(f) Investment in agoity instruments

The company measures its equity favesiments other than in subsidiary, associates and joint ventures at fair value through Profit and Loss account.

(g) Non-corrent arsets for disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are measured at the lower of the carrying amount and the fair value less cost to self.

An impairment loss is recognized for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognized for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognized. A gain or loss not previously recognized by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognized at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortized while they are classified as held for sale. Non-current assets (or disposal group) classified as held for sale are presented separately in the balance sheet. Any profit or loss arising from the sale or remeasurement of discontinued operations is presented as part of a single line item in statement of profit and loss.

(b) Impairment of Assets

(i) Financial Assets

For the purpose of computation of expected credit loss, the Company has qualysed the trend of provisions for doubtful debts created in earlier years and has also considered the fact that the Company has revenue from DAS customers which has been booked as per prepaid model of billing. The expected credit loss has been computed on basis of recoverability (after analysing each head separately) for DAS customers. Further, the Company has analysed expected credit loss separately for carriage revenue customer (including Marketing & Placement Income customers) and other than carriage revenue customer primarily because the characteristics and historical losses trend was different in these two streams.

(II) Non-Financial Assets

The Carrying amount of the fixed assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard36 on "Impairment of Assets" prescribed by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) rules as amended from time to time,
to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. Impairment test is performed for an individual asset, unless asset
does not generate cash flows that are largely independent. Otherwise the assets are tested for Cash Generating Units (CGUs). An
Impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss if the assets or CGU's carrying amount exceeds the greater of
Fair value (ess cost or Value in use. Reversal of Impairment are recognised (except Goodwill) through Statement of Profit and
Loss except those routed through reserves.

Manager reserves.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

(i) Leases

Where the Company is a lessor

Leases in which the company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in Property, Plant and Equipment. Lease income on an operating lease is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on monthly rental basis, wherever applicable over the lease tenu.

Where the Company is a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for premises. The Company assesses whether a controct contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether; (1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset, (2) the Company has right to receive substantial economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of the lease and (3) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset throughout the period of use. At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Cortain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and losse liabilities include these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the least liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the least plus any initial direct costs less any least incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment teating, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless (no asset does not generate each flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of the leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing each flows.

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

(j) <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are valued as follows-

Stock in trade & Stores and spaces are valued at cost on weighted avorage method or at not realisable value whichever is lower.

Net realisable value is the estimated salling price in the ominary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(k) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised on the basis of approved contracts regarding the transfer of goods or services to a customer for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of discounts, rebates, outgoing taxes on sales of rouds or services.

(f) Subscription Income from Cable Service

Subscription income includes subscription from subscribers/ Cable Operators relating to cable TV. Revenue from Operations is recognised on accrual basis based on underlying subscription plan or agreements with the concerned subscribers/ Cable Operators.

(ii) Income From Activation Of Services

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 (revised) and accordingly these financial statements are prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principals laid down in Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". In purcuance of the same, Income from activation of digital cable services is recognised as revenue over the initial contract period.

(iii) Carriage, Marketing & Placement Income

Carriage Marketing and Placement Income is recognized on accrual basis over the terms of related agreements/ negodiations provided that there is no significant uncertainty regarding the realisable amount of consideration.

Nates to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

(iv) Other Services

- i) Income from insertion of advertisements is recognized on accrual basis from the date(s) of insertion of advertisements based on the terms specified in the release orders.
- ii) Income from rendering technical services is recognized on accrual basis
- jii)Income from fiber leasing is recognized on accrual basis as per terms of the respective contracts.

(v) Lease Income

Lease income from supply of set top boxes is reconguised on accruid basis as per terms of agreement of lease. Rental Income from Investment Property is recognised as per the respective tease agreements.

(vi) Sales of goods

Revenue from sole of goods is recognized when no significant uncertainities exist regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived and risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. The company collects Goods and Service Tax (GST) on behalf of the government and, therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the company. Hence, they are excluded from revenue, Revenue from High sea Sales are being recognized on transfer of title of goods to the customers.

(l) Burrowing Costs

Borrowing Costs are the interest or the other cost which the entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of the funds. These include interest expense calculated using the Effective interest method as per Ind AS 109. Borrowing cost which are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a "Qualifying Asset" are included in the cost of the asset when it is probable that they will result in the future economic benefit to the entity and it's cost can be measured reliably.

(m) Foreign Currency Transaction

Transaction in foreign currency is recorded at the sate of exchange prevailing on the transaction date (s). Transaction remaining unsettled, is translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the financial year. The exchange rate difference arising therefrom are adjusted in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(a) Cash Flow Hedge

A Cash Flow Hedge is used when an entity is looking to eliminate or toduce the exposure that arises from changes in the cash flows of a financial asset or liability (or other eligible exposure) due to changes in a particular risk. The accounting of derivate instruments is made on commitment date rather than on settlement date. The Cash flow hedge is marked to market on the reporting date and the Cash flow hedge reserve is shown under Other Equity. The effective portion of Cash flow hedge is transferred to Other Comprehensive Incomo and the ineffective portion is transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss.

(a) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial tiabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contraconal provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and Habilities are initially measured at fair value. The transaction costs that are directly attributeble to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial fiabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through Profit or Loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through Profit and Loss are immediately recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

Compound Financial Instruments

Separation of instrument into its liability and Equity component is made at the time of initial recognition. The fair value of liability component establishes its initial carrying amount which is then deducted from the fair value of the instrument as a whole to arrive at the residual amount being recognised as the equity component. The fair value of the liability component at the initial recognition is the Present value of the contractual stream of future cash flow discounted at the market rate of Interest that would have been applied to the instrument of comparable credit quality with substantially the same each flow.

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Notes to figureial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial Assets

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

Financial Habilities

Financial fiabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables matering within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value that to the short materity of these instruments.

(iii) Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, especified or they expire,

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or banksuptcy of the counterparty.

(p) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution plans are charged as an expense as they fall due. Payments made to state managed retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Company's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution refirement benefit scheme. For defined benefit retirement, schemes, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with schuarial valuation being carried out at each balance sheet date. Re-measurement golns and losses of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. The service cost, net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) is ireated as a net expense within employment costs.

Past service cost is recognised as an expense when the plan amendment or contailment occurs or when any related restructuring costs or termination benefits are recognised, whichever is earlier.

The retirement bonefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined-benefit obligation as reduced by the fair value plan assets.

(q) Taxadon

Tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

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The tex currently payable is based on taxable profit for the reporting period. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it farther excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been ensemble.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and itabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Notes to figureful statements for the very coded 31 March 2021

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is sottled or the asset is realised based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, c-wallet balance, deposits held at call with banks and other short term deposits including the Bunk Overdraft.

(s) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities .

(f) General

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated. Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to actile the present obligation at the balance sheet date. When appropriate, provisions are measured on a discounted basis.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where;

- (a) by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities; and
- (b) as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge those responsibilities.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

(ii) Contingent Liabilities

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may probably not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible or a present obligation where the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no prevision or disclosure is made.

(t) Egraings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The Company did not have any potentially dilutive securities in any of the notions presented.

(u) Segment Reporting

The company is a Multi System Operator providing Cablo Television Network Services and Other Related services which is considered as the only reportable segment. The company's operations are based in India.

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INGIAN CABLE NET COMPANY LIMITTED Note: 10 Spansial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021. Note 4 : PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT & CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

											7 in Lakins
Particulors	Lease Hold Land	Building	Plant and equipment	Computers	Office equipment	Fariliters and fixtures	Vehicies	Set top boxes	Set top boxes (Under Losse)	Right of Use Assets	Total
Year ended 31 March 2029					-						
Gross Carrying Amount as on 01 April 2319	4,697	3,537	12,990	505	189	1,375	177	37,389	1,423	,	0.00
Additions		•	SES	16	£	307	19	1,848	7	221	1 077
Disposals			'			•	9	(010)			10 C
Trausfer to bovestment property		(132)						,		•	(135)
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	4,697	3,405	13,525	521	270	1,676	<u>85</u>	38,219	1,423	172	64,099
Opening Accumulated Depresiation	273	22	5,550	44	72.	236	8	615,219	1,076	•	23,558
Depreciation charge during the year	89	57	1,130	8	27	145	ដ	4,574	275	ঞ	6.290
Disposais Transfer to Investment property		3					6	(696)			(526)
Clasing Accumulated Dapentiation	341	5EI	6,680	475	148	381	82	19,324	157'1	8.	28,872
Net Corrying Amount as on 31 March 2020	4,336	3,270	6,845	47	121	1,296	112	18,894	173	113	35.227
Year ended 31 Mayob 2021								,			
Opening Gross Carrying Amount as on 03 April 2020	4,697	3,405	13,525	8	278	1,676	390	38,219	1,423	172	64'099
(Welliams)		,	12.	Ð		9	19	168	• • •	99	1,123
groonder			(8641)	(181)	වි	•	€	(162)			(2,047)
Closing Gross Carrying Angunt	4,697	3,405	12,084	353	283	1,676	205	38,948	1,423	180	53,175
Opening Accomulated Depreciation	341	135	6,680	475	148	381	23	19,324	1,251	8	28.872
Depreciation charge during the year	89	Ŧ,	1,010	9	75	160	R	4,340	091	95	5,926
LAsposade	1		Ê.	(173)		4	9	(146)			(1,055)
County Accumulated Digrecontion and Impairment	\$	190	6,957	317	182	¥	\$	23,519	1,412	:18	33,743
Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2031	8RZ*7	3,216	5,047	35	102	1,136	. 106	15,429	11	3	29,432
											T. Carrier

Note (2) : CWIP Rs 2594 (F V Rs 1690 lackst) Indirs, consists - Set Top Boxes Rs 2018 (PY Rs 1165 labils) laichs, OTT Software Development - Rs 122 (P V Rs 37 lacks) labils, Cavelopment) - Rs 9 (PV Rs 490 laichs) labils (Britis) Headend Rs Nit (PY Rs 70 lacks) labils (Britis) labils) labils (PV Rs 490 laichs) labils

Note (b): Refer note no.63 for infarmation on property, plant and equipment pleuged as recurities by the Companyer



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note 5: INVESTMENT PROPERTY	₹in Lakhs
PARTICULARS	BUILDING
Year ended 31 March 2020	2015
Gross Carrying Amount as on 01 April 2019 Additions	6,745
Transfer from Property, plant & equipment	132
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	6,877
Opening Accumulated Depreciation	160
Depreciation for the year	107
Transfer from Property, plant & equipment	
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	270
Closing Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2020	6,607
Year ended 31 March 2021	
Gross Carrying Amount as on 01 April 2020	6,877
Additions	-
Transfer from Property, plant & equipment	
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	6,877
Opening Accumulated Depreciation	270
Depreciation charge for the year	109
Transfer from Property, plant & equipment	- 300
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	379
Closing Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2021	6,498

Notes:

1. Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment Property

Porticulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Rental income derived from investment properties	480	517
Direct operating expenses that Generated rental income	-	
Direct operating expenses that did not Generated rental income		-

- 2. The management has determined that the investment property consists of Building based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. The Company's investment property consist of a portion of its building situated at Kolkata on the basis of present / intended use.
- 3. Refer note no.63 for information on investment property pledged as securities by the Company.

4. The Fair value of Investment Property as on 31 March 2021 was ₹ 16045 (P Y ₹15963 lakhs) lakhs as assessed by independent valuer.



INDIAN CABLE NET COMPANY LIMITED Notes to funnitie! statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

CANCOL THE STATE OF THE STATE O		TO	OTHER INTANCIBLE ASEETS	BLE ASEETS	₹ to Lakhş
PARTICULARS	COODWILL	DISTRIBUTION NETWORK ASSETS	VC CARDS	SOFTWARE	TOTAL OTHER INTANGIBLE
Year ended 31 March 2020 Gross Carrying Amount as on 01 April 2019 Additions	4,213	128'51	2,973	823	191'61
Disposals ClosingGross Carrying Amonot	4,213	15,371	2,971	823	(7) 201,91
Opening Accumulated Depreciation Amortisation for the year Disposals	2,107	7,685	2,032 288 (5)	459 115	10,176 1,940
Closing Accumulated Amortisation	2,107	9,222	2,314	574	12,111
Closing Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2020	2,107	6,148	159	249	7,054
Year coded 31 March 2021 Gross Carying Amount as on 01 April 2020 Additions Disposas	4,213	15,371	2,971 6 (15)	823 67 (644)	84,161 87 (989)
Clasing Gross Carrying Amount	4,213	16,2371	2,963	246	18,579
Opening Accumulated Arapetisation Additions	2,107	9,222	2,314	574	111,21
Amortisation charge for the year Disposals		1,537	256 (14)	71 (475)	1,864 (489)
Clasing Accumulated Amortisation	2,107	10,760	2,556	011	13,486
Closing Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2021	2,107	4,611	486	75	5,093

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

	tes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021		Ø in 1 side
		Mar 31, 2021	₹ in Lakh March 31, 2020
7	Non-current investments (Trade, unquoted)		
	Long term investments		
	Investment in equity instruments-subsidiarles		
	(Yalued at cost unless stated otherwise)		
	4523016 Nos (PY 4523016 Nos) of Equity Share of Siti	803	803
	Maurya Cable net Pvt Ltd (FV ₹ 10/-)		
	10000 Nos (PY 10000 Nos) of Equity Share of Indinet Service	1	1
	Pvt Ltd (FV₹ 10/-) Investment in equity instruments-others (Valued at FVTPL)		
	125000 Nos (PY 125000 Nos) of Equity Share of Axom		
	Communications & Cable Pvt Ltd (FV ₹ 10/-)	844	1,058
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	1,648	1,862
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	LAU40	1,602
8	Loans		
	Security deposits - Unsecured, considered good	80	116
	Loan to Fellow Subsidiary- Unsecured, considered good	4,812	-
		4,892	116
9	Other Non Current Financial Assets		
·	Margin money deposit (pledged) with statutory authorities	I48 ·	1,54
		148	154
	Off or W. C. would break		
10	Officers- Non Current Assets	52	43
	Pre- Paid Expenses Capital Advances	243	196
	Balances with Statutory Authority	407	405
	Defending Augraignanty August	702	644
	Inventories	102	27
	Stores and spares	102	77
	•	- 102	
12	Trade receivables		
	Unsecured, considered good (Includes Rs 864 lakhs (P Y Rs		
	1685 lakhs)receivable from entities in which director is partner	3,869	7,177
	, member or director)		
	Unsecured, considered doubtful ((Includes Rs 66 lakhs (P Y Rs		
	66 lakhs) receivable from entities in which director is partner,	2,264	3,764
	member or director)	6,133	10,941
			<u> </u>
]	Less: Provision for Expected Credit Loss	. 2,264	3,764
		3,869	7,177
~~	Cosh and bank bulances		
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	<u>Cash in hand</u> (Includes Cheque In Hand Rs 1088 Lakh (CY) Rs 4905 Lakh		
	(PY) and wallet balance/POS Balance Rs 83 Lakh (CY) Rs 94	1,183	5,021
,	Lakh (PY))		
	Balances with banks		
_	In current accounts	360	3,725
	in deposit account (with maturity upto three months)	2,810	2,654
•		4,353	11,401
		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	24114-

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Mores to imancial statements for the year ended 51st March 2021		₹in Lakhs
	Mar 31, 2021 Ma	rch 31, 2020
14 Other Bank Balances		
In deposit account (with maturity upto twelve months)*	3	0
	3	0
*Pledged with bank against borrowings		
15 Loans		
Advances recoverable in cash or kind Doubtful		
Considered Doubtful	-	2
Less: Provision for doubtful advances	-	(2)
•	All and the state of the decrease of the state of the sta	
16 Other Current Financial Assets Interest accrued but not due (PY Rs 9563)	402	0
Unbilled revenue	306	410
Chibiliza rayanda	708	416

17 Current Tax Assets (net) Current fax Habilities		
Provision for tax	1,286	1.468
Curtent (ax assets	1,200	27.00
Andreance tax	2,427	2,438
THE PARTY WAR	1,141	970
18 Other current assets		
Advance to Vendors	291	226
Advance to Related Parties	73	90
Balances with statutory authorities	B9	626
Prepaid Expenses	102	123
	554	1,065
19 Share capital		
Authorised share capital		
87,857,300 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- cach	8,786	8,786
30540 Preference Shares of ₹ 100/- each	31	31
. Total authorised capital	8,816	8,816
Issued share tapital		
8,64,01,070 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	8, 6 40	8,640
(Out of above 313,10,000 Nos of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each		
alloted for consideration other than cash in pursuant to the		
scheme of amalgamation		
Total Issued capital	8,640	8,645
Subscribed and fully paid up capital		
8,64,01,070 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- cach	8,640	8,640
Total paid up capital	8,640	8,640

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Reconcilation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital as at Mar 31,2021 and March 31, 2020 are set out below

(I)Rouity	. 67
11 H. (11)	ירוטורי

-	31-M	ar-2i	31-M	far-20
	Nos	₹ín Lakhs	Nos	₹in Lakhs
At the beginning of the period	8,64,01,070	8,640	8,64,01,070	8,640
Outstanding at the end of the year	8,64,01,070	8,640	8,64,01,070	8,640

Terms & rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Out of Equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/ associates are as below:

18 Nos	₹ in Lakhs
	V 10 Cardia
.183 5,18,31	1,000 5,183
,,	•
	3 30

Details of share holder holding more than 5% share as at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

	·	Equity Shares		
Name of Shareholder	As at 31 st March 2021		As at 31 st March 2020	
The state of the s	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Siti Network Limited, Holding Company	5,18,31,000	59.99	5,18,31,000	59.99
Anurag Chirimar	52,36,357	6.06	52,36,357	• 6.06
Sunil Nihalani	54,54,347	5.31	54,54,347	6.31
Suresh Sethiya	54,51,007	6.31	54,51,007	6.31
Tinkari Dutta	52,44,586	6.07	52,44,586	6.07
Zafar Icbal	52,25,596	6.05	52,25,596	6.05
Surendra Kumar Agarwal	52,19,377	6.04	52,19,377	6.04

		₹in Lakhs
·	Mar 31, 20 <u>21</u>	March 31, 2020
20 Other Equity	·	
Securities premium account		
Balance at the beginning of the year	18,968	18,968
Balance at the end of the year	18,968	18,968
Surplus / Deficit in the Statement of profit and loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	14,466	15,322
Add: Proft/(Loss) for the year	977	(810)
Other Comprehensive Income	18	(46)
Balance at the end of the year	15,461	14,466
	34,429	33,434

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

21 Non Current Financial Liabilities	₹ in Laki		
Borrowings	Mar 31, 2021	Mar 31, 2020	
(a) Term loans from banks (Secured)			
Term loans	3,500	14,500	

Term loan from Axis Bank carrying interest @ one year MCLR. + 1.60 % p.a. rapayable in 4 half yearly installments, secured by the first and exclusive # equitable mortage of land and building at Plot No.- XI/4, Block- EP & GP, Sector-V, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700091, exicusive security interest in the movable asset and entire current assets including receivables, both present and future and pledge of 29.99% shares of the company held by Siti Networks Ltd (Holding Company)

Term loans

Term loan from Axis Bank carrying interest @ one year MCLR + 0.90 % p.a. repayable in one quarterly installments, secured by the first and exclusive # equitable mortage of land and building at Plot No.- XI/4, Block- EP & GP, Sector-V, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700091, exclusive security interest in the movable asset and entire current assets including receivables, both present and future.

22	Other Non-Current financial fiabilities
	Lease liabilities in respect of right of use assets
	Security Deposit
	Interest free deposits from customers

Α.	Ann Cutter Linamons
	Provision for employee benefits
	Provision for gramity
	Provision for compensated absences
	Others-Provision for Chum STB's (Refer Note:61)

24 Deferred tax asset /(liabilities) (net) Deferred tax liability

Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/ amortization charged for the financial reporting

Other timing differences Gross deferred tax liability

Deferred tax asset

Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis

Provision for doubtful debts and advances

Impact of Lease liability against ROU Assets (Rs 11882/-)

Gross deferred tax asset

Not deferred tax asset/ (liabilities)

24	50
344	260
242	1,132
610	1,442
	MITA D ALLOWS AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH
112	115
126	126
175	154
	395
412	393
	,
762	1,633
118	172
880	1,805
67	65
57	
570	948
(0)	2
637	1,015
	(796)
(243)	(790)

3,500

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Notes to financial statements for the year suded 31st March 2021

			₹ in Lakhs
		Mar 31, 2021	Mar 31, 2020
25 Other Non-Current Habilities			
Deferred Income		179	146
•		179	140
26 Current Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings			
Cash Credit from Axis Bank		1,703	-
(Secured by first charge on entire currently both present and future and also exclusive equitable mortage land and Block- EP & GP, Sector-V, Sait Lake of fixed deposit, held in the name of guarantee of the directors)	secured by the first and building at Plot No XI/4, c, Kolkata-700091, pledge		
<u></u>		1,793	
27 Trade payables			
- Total outstanding dues of creditors		10	93
small enterprises (Refer Note No : 46)		7,300	9,325
- Total outstanding dues of creditors-	oneas .	7,310	9,418
	·		
28 Other Current financial liabilities	- -	46	50
Lease habilities in respect of right of	ise assets	. 1,391	72 1,070
Creditors for capital goods Payable for Contractual Liabilities	•	· 1,391 25	70
Current maturities of long-term borrow	nána.	3,984	4,200
Interest accrued but not due on borrow		-	165
Interest decides but not due on borrow	77Dga	4,547	5,578
29 Other Current Liabilities			
Uncarned Income		1,264	1,218
Advances from customers		500	256
Other Advances		0	0
Payable for statutory liabilities		477	651
22,250 101 101 1101		2,241	2,124
30 Current Provisions			
Provision for employee benefits	•		
Provision for gratuity		. 17	11
Provision for compensated absences		12	6
		29	17

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

		•	₹in Lakbs
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
31	Revenue from operations		
	Sale of services		
	Subscription income	27,958	29,090
	Advertisament income	4,503	3,585
	Carriage income & Marketing Income	4,108	5,384
	Activation and Set top boxes pairing charges	64	226
	Other operating reveauc		
	Sale of traded goods*	1,081	1,214
	Lease rental charges	428	530
	Other networking and management	1,819	1,872
	income		
	Reat Income	480	517
	Other Operating Income	445	362
		40,906	42,780
4	Details of sale of traded goods		
	Set top box and viewing cards	974	1,179
	Stores and spures	107	35
		1,981	1,214
32	Other income		
-	Interest income on		
	Bapk deposits	72	i5
	Others	437	96
	Bad Debt Recovered	5	-
	Liabilities written back	767	209
	Profit on sale of Investment	-	259
	Net gain in Fair value of investments through P&L	_	70
	Other non-operating income	497	574
	·	1,778	1,223
12	Cost of materials constructl-stores and spares		
55	Opening stock	77	102
	Add: Purchases during the year	79	В.
	7 total 1 to 4 total and 4 to 7	156	111
	Less: Transferred to CWIP	1	-
		155	111
	Loss: Closing stock	102	.77
	2000 1 010000 6 01000	53	34
34	Cost/Purchase of Goods Sold		
	Set top boxes and VC Cords	948	1,100
		948	1,100
35	Pay channel and related costs		
-•	Management Charges	-	1,500
	Pay channel Expenses	(9,112	18,137
	Building Maintenance Expenses	50	23
	Lease Rental & Right to Usage Charge	689	692
	Bandwidth Cost	619	679
	Program Production Expenses	193	21 i
	Other Operational Expenses	1,825	1,460
	Commission Charges and Incentives	2,218	2,509
		24,705	25,210

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MA Comments



Notes to financial statements for the year coded 31" March 2021

			₹ in Lakhs
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
36	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries, allowances and bonus .	1,682	1,579
	Contributions to provident and other funds	97	95
	Gratuity Fund Contribution	46	41
	Staff welfare expenses	134	131
		1,959	1,847
37	Finance costs		
	Interestion Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost	989	2,086
	Interest expense on lease liability	11	. t6
	Exchange fluctuation loss	(0)	. 0
	Bank cherges	8	7
	Other Borrowing Cost	<u> </u>	. 20
		1,508	2,129
38	Depreciation and amortisation expenses		
•	Depreciation on Right of use assets	59	59
	Depreciation of langible assets	5,975	6,338
	Amortisation of Intangible assets	1,864	1,940
		7,898	8,337
	•	.,,	
39	Other expenses	,	
	Rent .	127	120
	Rates and taxes	182	225
	Communication expenses	65	66
	Repairs and maintenance	438	296
	- Network	498 12	290 14
	- Building - Others	250	277
	Electricity and water charges	543	546
	· –	695	536
	Legal, professional and consultancy charges	030	250
	Printing and stationery	6	15
	Service charges	1,415	1,484
	Travelling and conveyance expenses	194	283
	Auditors' remuneration (Refer Note: 55)	12	10
	Vehicle expenses	242	221
	Insurance expenses	15	13
	Loss on Investments on FVTPL	214	
	Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure	27	53
	Loss on Sale / Discard / Write off of Assets(net)	13	17
	Provision for Chum STB's	21	23
	Provision for Expected Credit Loss	420	603
		Ů.	0
	Provision for doubtful advances Rs 17,700 (PY Rs 25,305)	U	V
	Rebate and Discount	1	10
	Advertisement and publicity expenses	54	86
	Bad debts 1,921	₽-Т	- L
	(1,920)	1	0
	Business and sales promotion	40	154
	Exchange fluctuation loss	42	137
	Misocilaneous expenses	B4	50
•	_	5,111	5,241

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31^{st} March 2021

Note No: 40 ₹ in Lakhs

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss Remeasurements of the net defined benefit plans as under Remeasurement of employee benefit obligations	25	(61)
(ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to (profit) or loss	(6)	15
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-
(ii)Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	•	-
·	18	(46)

Note No: 41 ₹ in Lakhs

Earnings per sharc	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	977	(810)
Number of weighted average equity shares		
Basic	8,64,01,070	8,64,01,070
Diluted	8,64,01,070	8,64,01,070
Nominal value of per equity share (₹)	10	. 10
Earning Per Share (₹)		
Basic	1.13	(0.94)
Diluted	1,13	(0.94)

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note:42 Tax Expense

The major components of Income Tax for the year are as under:		₹in Lakhş
Income tax related to items recognised directly in the statement of profit and loss	Mar-21	Mar-20
(i) Current tax - current year	469	170
- earlier years	103	
(ii) Deferred tax charge / (benefit)	(547)	(1217)
Income tax expense reported in Profit or Loss [(i)+(ii)]	25	(1,047)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Section		
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
Current Tax (income) / expense on remeasurement of defined benefit plans	6	(15)
	· 6	(15)
Rffective tax rate	2.52%	56.37%

	Mar-21	Mar-20
Profit/(loss) before tax	1,002	(1,857)
Effective Tax Rate	25.17%	25.17%
Statutory income tax on profit	. 2 52	(467)
Tax effect on non-deductible expenses	2,179	2,794
Additional allowances for tax purposes	(1,963)	(2,157)
Others / Deferred Tax effect	(547)	(1,217)
Tax effect for earlier years	103	
Tax expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss	25	(1,047)

The applicable statutory Income Tax rate is 25.17% for the FY 2020-21 (25.17% for FY 2019-20).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to do so. For analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes refer note no-24.

The Company does not have any temporary differences in respect of unutilised tax losses.

Deferred tax recognised in statement of profit and loss

For the year ended		Mar-21	Mar-20
Employee retirement benefits obligation	•	(2)	4
Allowances for credit losses		378	75
Depreciation and amortisation		(871)	(1136)
Other disallowances		(52)	(160)
Total		(547)	(1217)

Reconciliation of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) net:		Mar-21	Mar-20
Opening balance		(790)	(2007)
Mat Credit (adjusted) / entitlement		-	-
Deferred tax (charge)/credit recognised in	•		
-Other Equity (Retained Earnings)		-	-
-Statement of profit and loss		547	1217
Other comprehensive income			
Total	e Graga	(243)	(790)

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

43 Fair value measurements

Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 March 2021:

₹ in Lakin

A. Hinancial instruments by campory	<u> </u>	March 31, 2	021		March 31, 2	020 t in Lake
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amertised cost
Financial assets (Non Current & Current)	1					
Bank deposits	_ [-	148	- [-	154
Inter- Corporate Deposit	- 1	-	4,812	-	-	٠.
Security deposits (Non current)	- 1	-	80			116
lovestment (Non-current, financial assets)	844	-	804	1,058	-	804
Babilled revenues	-	-	306	- [-	410
Interest econyect and next due		-	402	- [-	C
Trade receivables	- [-	3,869	-	-	7,177
Cosh and cash equivalents	- [-	4,353	-	-	11,401
Other Bank Balances	u	-	3	-	-	u
Total financial assets	844		14,777	1,058	-	20,063
Financial Habilities (Non Current &			!			
Currant)	İ		3.500		İ	14.504
Borrowings (non-corrent, financial liquilities)	- 1	-	3,500	•	-	14,584
Borrowings (current financial liabilities)	-		1,703	-	,	
Security deposits received from customer &	-	- ;	610	-	-	1,442
Lease liability				ĺ		
Trade psyables ·	- 1	-	7,310	-	- :	9,418
Other financial liabitities (current)			4,547	-	<u></u>	5,578
Total financial liabilities			17,669	-		31,021

Investment in subsidiaries, associate and joint venture are measured at cost as per Intl AS 27, 'Separate financial statements',

Falr Value Hierarchy

There have been no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period. The Company does not have any investments (other than fuestment in subsidiary), derivative financial assets and liabilities.

**The Company has not disclosed the fair values for financial instruments such as each & cash equivalents, other bank balances short term trade receivebles, short term trade payables because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

44 (I) Financial risk management objectives and policies

Financial risk management

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include made and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations. The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

A. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Company causing financial toss. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Compeny assesses and manages could risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date

B; High credit risk





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Basis of entegorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets except Trace Receivable, security deposits, Unbitted revenue and amount recoverable	Life time expected credit loss or fully provided for
High credit risk.	Trade receivables, Investment, security deposits, Unbilled Revenue and amount recoverable	Life time expected credit loss or fully provided for

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

	•		₹ fn Laklı
Credit roting	l'articulars	31-Mar-21	31-iMar-20
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets except Trade Receivable, security deposits, Unbilled revenue and amount recoverable	4,504	11,555
High credit risk	Trade receivables, Investment, security deposits, Unbified Revenue and amount recoverable	11,117	9,566

Concentration of trade receivables

The Company has widespread customers and there is no concentration of trade neceivables.

Credit risk exposure

As at March 31, 2021

Provision for expected credit losses

For the purpose of computation of expected credit loss, the Company has analysed the trend of provisions for doubtful debts created in earlier years and has also considered the fact that the Company has revenue from DAS customers which has been booked as per prepaid model of billing. The expected credit loss has been computed on basis of recoverability (after analysing each head separately) for DAS customers. Further, the Company has analysed expected credit loss separately for parriage revenue customer (including Marketing & Placement Income customers) and other than carriage revenue customer primarily because the characteristics and historical losses trend was different in these two streams. The company does not expect any further risk of credit impairment on account of possible impact relating to COVID 19 in estimating expected credit toss provision.

Expected credit loss for trade receivables, security deposit and amounts recoverable under simplified approach

Perticulars	Estimated gross carrying amount	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Trade receivables	6,133	2,264	3,869
Security Deposit	80	· -	80
Inter - Corporate Deposit	4,8;2	-	4,812
Investment	1,648		:,648
Unbilled Revenue	306		306
As at March 31, 2020		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	₹jp Laldı
As at March 31, 2020 Particulars	Estimated gross carrying pmonut	Expected credit	₹ in Lalds Carrying amount net of impolement provision
	gross gross	-	Carrying amount act of impakment
Particulars	carrying carrying	losses	Carrying amount net of impakment provision
Particulars Trade receivables	gross carrying pmount 10,941	3,764	Carrying amount act of impakment provision 7,177

Reconciliation of loss allowance pravision - Trade receivables

Loss allowance on March 31, 2020 Changes in loss allowance

Loss allowance on March 31, 2021

JA CVI

₹ jn Lakh 3,764 (1,500) 2,264

₹in Lakh



Summiry of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year coded March 31, 2021

B.Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the Company's business activities may not be available.

Prudent liquidity risk menagement implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Short term liquidity requirements comprises mainly of trade payables and employee dues arising during normal course of business as on each balance after Long-term liquidity requirement is assessed by the management on periodical basis and is managed through loternal accruals and through funding commitments from shareholders. As at each statement of financial position date, the Company's liabilities having contractual maturities (Including interest payments where applicable) are summarised as follows:

(ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The amounts discinsed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

						₹ in Lakb
d	31-Mar-21			31-Mar-20		
Contractual maturities of Snanciul Habilities	Less than one year	One to two years	More than two years	Less (han one year	One to two years	More than two years
Non-derivatives	-		•		•	
Borrowings (non-correct,finencial fiobilities)	3,603	3,748		5,900	4,420	13,515
Borrowings (current,financial liabilities) nefuding interest	1,703	-	-	165	-	
Other financial liabilities (current)	1,416		-	1,140		-
Security deposits received from customer	I .	_	586	-		1,392
Trade payables	7,310	-	_	9,418	-	_
lease liabilities in respect of right of use usets	46	16	7	72	27	23
roral non-derivative liabilities	14,079	3,764	594	16,695	4,497	14,930

C.Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Cash Flow Hedge Accounting

The Company has foreign currency exposure in the form of Trade Payable/Advance to Vendors and is exposed to change in the exchange rates. Foreign exchange risk arises from functe commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the company's functional currency (\$\overline{\chi}\$). The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency each flows.

Foreign currency tisk is managed by following established risk management policies, which inter alia includes monitoring the movements in currency sin which the capex vendors are payable and hedging the exposure to foreign currency risk by entering into forward currency contracts as and which deemed appropriate.

The Company does not enter into or trade financial instrument including derivative for speculative purpose.

(f) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk exposure:

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR, are as follows

Financial assets (A)
Financial liabilities (B)
Payable to capex and other vendors

Net exposure (B-A)

	₹ to Lakh	
31-Mpr-21	31-Minr-20	
230	1,423_	
230	1,423	
230	1,423	





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

Sensitivity

The sentifivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments,

₹ in Lak	h
----------	---

_	Impact on Profit after tax	
·	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
(₹) / USD increased by 5% (previous year 5%)	(12)	(71)
(₹) / USD decreased by 5% (previous year 5%)	12	71

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk.

The Company's main interest rate risk arises from long-term homowings with variable rates, which expose the Comapny to cash flow interest rate nsk

(a) Interest rate risk exposure

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31st March the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank homowings at variable interest rates. Other borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

		₹ to Lakh
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Variable rate borrowings	6,584	18,784
Total borrowings	6,584	18,784

(b) Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes to interest tales. ₹ in Lakh

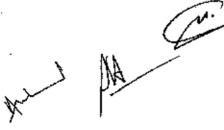
	Lmyset on	Lmpact on loss after tax	
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points (P Y 100 bps) * Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points (P Y 100 bps) *	65.84 (65.84)	187.64 (187.84)	

(II) Capital mauagement

Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard continuity, maintain a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate seturn to shareholders through continuing growth. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from provious year. The Company sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments The fauding requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation and other noncurrent borrowings. The Company's policy is to use current and non-current borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements. The Company inonitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio which is not debt divided by total capital (equity plus not debt). The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. Net debt are non-current and current borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and current investments. Equity comprises all components including other comprehensive income.

		₹ia Laith
Particulars	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Cash and cash equivalents	4,353	11,401
Other Bank Balances	3	Q
Margin money	145	154
Total cash (A)	4,504	11,555
Borrowings (non current, financial liabilities)	3,500	14,584
Borrowings (current, financial liabilities)	1,703	
Current maturities of long-term honowings	3,084	4,200
Interest Accepted but not due on Loan	•	165
Total barrowing (B)	8,287	18,950
Net debt (C=B-A)	3,783	7,395
Total equity	43,069	42,074
Total capital (equity + net debis) (D)	46,852	49,469
Genring ratio (C/D)	8%	15%





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities

The classification and measurement of financial assets will be made considering whether the conditions as per Ind AS 109 are met based on facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition.

Financial assets can be measured using effective interest method by assessing its contractual cash flow characteristics only on the basis of facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition and if it is impracticable to assess elements of modified time value of money i.e. the use of effective interest method, thir value of financial asset at the date of transition shall be the new carrying amount of that asset. The measurement exemption applies for financial liabilities as well.

Applying a requirement is impracticable when an entity cannot apply it after making every reasonable effort to do so. It is impracticable to apply the changes recrospectively if:

- a) The effects of the retrospective application or retrospective restatement are not determinable;
- b) The retrospective application or restatement requires assumptions about what management's intent would have been in that period;

The retrospective application or retrospective restatement requires significant estimates of amounts and it is impossible to distinguish objectively information about those estimates that existed at that time.

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 " Mar 2021

45 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

Particulars	As at 31 Mar 2021	As at 31 Mar 2020
	(t) in Lakhs	₹) in Lakhs
(i) Contingent Liabilities		
(a) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt #	8,840	9,005
(b) Guarantees ##	115	133
	8,955	9,138
(îi) Commîtments		
(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Not of Advances)	1,871	1,730
	1,871	1,730

Includes Rs 401 (PY Rs 406 lakhs) lakhs on account of entry tax on import of STS and other networking materials into West Bengal. The West Bengal government levied entry tax vide "West Bengal Tax on entry of goods into local areas Act 2012". The operation of the Act was w.e.f. 1st Apr-2012. The validity of the this levy has been challenged by the company in the Honorable Calcutta High Court by a writ petition, on the belief that the levy is unconstitutional and is thus unsustainable. The company is hopeful of getting a favourable order.

Includes Rs 6 (PY Rs 6 lakks) lakks against a money suit filed by M/s Ten Dot Not Cable Pvt. Ltd. for recovery of alteged dues against a work contract altegedly done for the company.

Includes Rs 87 (PV Rs 87 lakhs) lakhs on account of demand received from District Magistrate Norda for Entertainment Tax on activation / installation charges of STB's in UP. Demand received of Rs 87 lakhs for the period till Jun 17 on activation charges on STB's.

Includes Rs 37 (PY Rs 37 lakes) lakes on account of Show cause cam demand received from Service Tax dept for financial year 2014-15 & 2015-16 and Rs 25 (PY Rs 25 lakes) Lokes on account of Show Cause Notice cam demand received from service tax Deptt on observation of Service Tax sudit for F.Y. 16-17 & upto June'17 for excess utilisation of Cenvat Credit & short payment of RCM on which the company believes that no liability will develop on the company in future.

includes Rs 78 (PY Rs 78 takins) lakins on account of demand received from Joint Commissioner (AE) Central Tax-UP. The demand is against Audit for FY 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 & 2016-17.

Includes Rs 416 (PY Rs 416 lakhs) lakhs of Demand by Sales tax Deptt. on account of VAT & CST liability for FY.2015-16. The copmany files a writ petition before Tribunal. The writ petition has been disallowed on the ground of Non attendance, now restoration petition was filed before Kolkata High Court & the company is hopefull of getting a favourable order.

Includes Rs 116 (PY Rs 116 lakhs) lakhs on account of Barkhand VAT liability on Set Top Box transfer.

Includes Rs 11 (PY Rs 11 lakhs) takks on account of show cause notice received from Deptt, for short payment of service Tax & inadmissibility of Convat & non payment of RCM & Interest in respect of Noida unit for FY.12-13 to FY.15-16.

Includes Rs 4 (PY Rs 4 (akbs) lakes on account of case filed by Den Network against Sahay Cable, Nilable & Vined Rumar in which ICNCL is also being made party for recovery of their dues.

Includes Appeal against Domand (CERA) of Rs 86 (PY Rs 86 lakhs) lakhs for difference between opening & closing Convat. in the month of Oct 2015.

Includes effect of reduction in MAT credit with consequent impact on MAT utilisation in A.Y. 2017-18 which is the subject matter of Contingency. Amount calculated as difference between MAT credit availed as per ITR filed for A.Y. 2016-17 Rs 317 (PY Rs 317 takhs) takhs and MAT credit available as per Order u/s 143(3) Rs 28 (PY Rs 28 takhs) takhs.

Includes Rs 212 Lakhs (Rs PY - 557 lakhs) on account of disputed pay channel liabilities of Broadcasters as the rate charged as per Invoices for different packages are higher than as agreed between Broadcasters & the Company.

Includes income tex demand for AY 2017-18 Rs 218 Lakits (PY Rs 218 lakits) which has been adjusted with TDS refundable. The said demand has been disputed in appeal by the company.

Includes income tax demand for AY 2018-19 Rs 182 Lakhs (PY: NIL). The said demand his been disputed in appeal by the company.

During the financial year anded 31 March 2019, the Directorate of Revenue Intelligence (DRI), Bangalore, u/s 108 of the Custom Act, 1962, had inquired about the classification of viewing cards for applicability of customs duty. The Company had, suc-mote, paid Rs 20 takks under protest. Subsequently, the Company has received a show cause notice with a domaind for Rs 6671 lakks. The company has filed a Writ Petition before the Hen'ble Delhi High Court chaltenging the Show Cause Notice and is confident that the demand will not sustain. Therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements and the amount demanded has been considered as contingent liability.

For counter bank guarantees in respect of outstanding bank guarantees & FD pledged Rs 115 lakhs (PY Rs 133 lakhs)

In addition, the company is subject to logal proceeding and claims, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The company's management does not reasonably expect that there legal action, when ultimately concluded and determined, will have a material and adverse effect on the company's result of operation or financial conditions.

Mr)

M. C.

₹in Lakhs

46 Dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises:

P≉rticular s	as at 31-03-2021	as at 31-03-2020
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;	10	93
if) the amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of MSMED Act, 2006, along with the amounts of the payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year without adding the interest specified under MSMBD Act, 2006	-	_
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	
 v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006. 	- 1	_

#The management has identified dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) on the basis of information made available by the supplier or vendors of the Company.

47 Value of Imports calculated on CIF basis

	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Particulars	(₹) in Lakhs	(₹) in Laklis
Stores and Spares	6 6	3
Capital Goods	200	1,049
•	266	1,052

48 Expenditure in foreign currency

	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Particulars	(🔇 in Lakks	∢) in Lakhs
Membership & Subscription	4	3
Annual Maintenance Charges	79	37
Licence Fees	722	945
Travelling & Conveyance	I	. 4
Installation & Commissioning Charges	. •	33
	806	1,922

49 At the year end, unhedged foreign currency exposures are as follows:

		As on 31/03/2021		As on 31/03/2020	
Particulars	Carrency	て (In Lakhs)	In Foreign Corrency	₹ (In Lakhs)	In Foreign Currency
Advance to Vendor	USD	36	0,49	26	0.34
Advance to Director and Employees	That Bhat	-	-	0.20	0.09
Advance to Director and Employees	Euro	-		0.46	0.01
Advance to Director and Employees	USD	-		0.38	0.01
Payable to Vendor	USD	28	0.38	663	9
Payable to Vendor	Euro	202	. 2	760	9
	Total	266	3	1,450	18

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Notes to financial statements for the year onded 31 " Mar 2021

50 (i) The details of employee benefit for the period in respect of gratuity which is funded defined benefit plan is as under:

a. Component of employer expense

	(₹) in Lakhs	(₹) in Lakhs
PARTICULARS	As on 31" Mar 2021	As on 31" Mar 2020
Current Service Cost	37	. 36
Interest on defined benefit obligation	19	12 ;
Expected Return on plan assets	(10)	(7)
Net Accrual losses/(gains) recognized in the year	(24)	47
Past Service Cost		-
Total Included in employer benefit	2.2	88
Actual Return on plan assets	11"	6

b. Not Asset / (Liability) recognized in the balance sheet as at 31st March 2021

	(₹) in Lakhs	(ኛ) in Lakhs
PARTICULARS	As on 31 st Mar 2021	As on 31st Mar 2020
Present Value of Funded Obligation	293	266
Fair Value of Plan Assets	164	140
Net Liability	128	126
Amount in Balance Sheet		
Lizbility	128	126
Assute		
Net Liability	128	126

c. Reconciliation of Benefit Obligation & Plan Assets for the Period ended:

	(₹) in Lakhs	₹) in Lakhs
PARTICULARS	As on 31st Mar 2021	As on 31 st Mar 2020
Change in Defined Benefit Obligation		
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	266	173
Current Service Cost	37	36
Interest Cost	13	12
Actuarial Losses / (Gain)	(23)	46
Past Service Cost	-	
Benefits Paid	(6)	(1)
Closing Defined Benefit Oligation	293	266
Change in Fair Value of Assets	-	
Opening Fair Value of Plan Assets	140	97
Expected Return on Pian Assets	10	7
Actuarial Gain / (Losses)	1	(1)
Contribution by Employer	19	37
Benefits Paid	(6)	(1)
Closing Fair Value on Plan Assets	164	140
Expected Employer Contribution Next Year	38	39

d. Asset Information of Plan Assets

Category of Assets	As on 31" March 2021	As on 31 ¹¹ March 2020
Insurer Managed Fund	100%	100%

(ii) The Defined Benefit Obligation of compensated absence in respect of Privilege Leave is Rs. 138 lakh (P.Y Rs 132 lakh).

(iii) Actearial Assumptions

y rectal for residuation		***************************************
Category of Assets	As on 31" March 2021	As on 31" March 2020
Discount Rate (p.a.)	7.00%	7.00%
Expected rate of return on Assets	7.00%	7.00%
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	8.00%	8.00%

- a Discount Rate is based on the provailing market yield of Indian Government Securities as the balance sheet as date for expected term of obligation.
- b Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on our expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investment of the fund during the estimated term of obligations.
- Salary Escalation rate is based on estimates of future salary increases taking into consideration of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 " Mar 2021

- 51 The Commercial Tax authorities, Government of West Bengal, by an order dated June 9, 2003, sought to impose sales tax, with retrospective effect from April 2, 1997, on the Company's income from cable TV services. The Company has filed an application before the Hon'ble West Bengal Taxation Tribunal on July 15, 2003, seeking, inter alia, that the aforesaid order be set aside. The Hon'ble West Bengal Taxation Tribunal by its order dated August 1, 2003 has directed that pending disposal of the application, assessment proceedings may continue but that no demand notice will be issued. The matter had come for hearing on several occasions but has been adjourned, pending State's submissions. In view of the fact that neither assessment proceedings have been completed nor demand notice has been issued, the alleged liability for Sales tax cannot be ascertained. Consequently no Itability on account of sales tax has been recognized by the Company in the books of accounts.
- 52 The Hon'ble Supreme Court in its recent ruling had ruled that various allowances like conveyance allowance, special allowance, oducation allowance, medical allowance etc., paid antiformly and universally by an employer to its employees would form part of basic wages for computing the provident fund ('PF' or 'the fund') contribution and thereby, has laid down principles to exclude (or include) a particular allowance or payments from 'basic wage' for the purpose of computing PF contribution. The Company pays certain allowances to its employees as a part of compensation structure, which have not been included in the basic wages for the purpose of computing the PF. As this ruling has not prescribed any clarification w.r.t. to its application, the Company, based on legal advice and management assessment has applied the aforesaid ruling prospectively. Management believes that this will not result in any material liability on the Company.

53 Lenses:

The Company incurred Rs 127 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021 towards expenses relating to short-term leases and lesses of low-value assets. The total cash outflow for leases is Rs 52 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021. Interest on lease liabilities is Rs 11 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Lease contracts entered by the Company majority pertains for premises taken on lease to conduct its business in the ordinary course. The Company does not have any lease restrictions and commitment towards variable rent as per the contract.

54 Company as a lessor

The Company is not required to make any adjustments on transition to Ind AS 116 for leases in which it acts as a lessor, as the Company has not leased out any assect under any sub-lease contract.

The Company has given premises and Set Top Boxes under Operating Lease, particulars of which as required under Ind AS -116 are disclosed here under:

Premises and Set Top Boxes given under operating leases are capitalized at an amount equal to historical cost and the rental income, wherever applicable, is recognised on equal monthly rental billed to leasees.

			(T) in Lakhs
(i)	Assets Given on Lease	As on 31" March 2021	As on 31 ^{rt} March 2020
	Lease Payment received/ receivable for the Year	304	300
	Minimum Lease Payment receivable within 1 year	41	125
	Minimum Lease Payment receivable after 1 year but not later than 5 years	158	•
	Minimum Lease Payment receivable after 5 years	٠	

(ii)			·		(^e) in Lakhs
`	Gross Carrying	Accumulated	Net Carrying	Impairment	Revenue Recognized in P/L (CY)
		Depreciation	Amount	Loss	
1	Amount :	charged to P/L			
	[423	f,412	l 1		304

(iii) Significant leasing arrangements

- a. No covenant for contingent rest
- b. The company has leased out Sot Top Boxes. The Lease period is 8 years after which the lessee has option to buy the same at mutually agreed terminal value. In cases where the lease period is indeterminate there is no specific covenant for termination of the lease.
- c. No restrictive covenants relating to dividend, additional dest and further leasing.

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Notes to financial statements for the year unded 31 " Mar 2021

- 56 Certain Balances of Loans & Advances, Trade Receivables, Trade Payables, and other assets & liabilities are subject to confirmation.
- 57 As per Section 135 of Companies Act 2013, a CSR Committee had been formed by the Company. The funds are utilised in the scrivities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Act. The utilisation is done by way of contribution towards various activities.
 - (a) Average net profit as prescribed under section 135 of the Companies Act 2013; Rs 1331 lakks (PY Rs 2654) lakbs.
 - (b) Amount spent during the year. Rs 27 (PY Rs 49) lakks on activities of Health Care, Rs Nii (PY Rs 4) takks on sport Sponsorship.
- 58 In the opinion of the Board of Directors the current assets, Ioans and advances shown in the Balance Sheet as on 31th Mar 2021 are considered good and fully recoverable, except otherwise stated and provision for all known liabilities has been made in the accounts.
- 59 Subsequent to outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID-19) and consequential lockdown across the country, the Company has continued to operate and provide cable services to its customers, which has been declared as an essential service, without disruptions. Based on its review and current indicators of economic slowdown, there is no significant impact on its financial results. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.

60 Exceptional Stem includes:

₹in Lakhs

	Date of the state		1 811 804 18-80
i			As on 31 st
	X difficults	March 2021	
	Provision for Expected Credit Loss	0	1963

In view of the New Regulatory Framework for Broadcasting & Cable services notified by Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI), which has come into effect during the year ended March 31,2019 resulting into changes in pricing mechanism & arrangements amongst the Company, LCO & Broadcasters the Management, based on review, has provided for impairment of trade receivables. These adjustments, having one-time, non-routine material impact on financial statements, hence been disclosed as "Exceptional Item in Financial Results".

61 Movement of Provision

₹ in Lakhs

	Provision	for Churn STB
Particulars	Non Curre	t Current
Belance as at 31 March 2020	15	4
Additions *	2	1
Balance as at 31 March 2021	17	5

^{*} Included under Other Expenses in the statement of Profit and Loss.

62 Information under section 186 (4) of the Companies Act 2013

There are no investments or loan given or guarantee provided or security given by the Company other than the investments stated under Note 7 & Note 8 in these standalone fluancial statements, which have been made produminantly for the purpose of business.

63 Assets hypothecated / pledged as security

The carrying arounts of assets hypothecated / pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are :

Particulars	Refer Note No.	As at 31" March, 2021	As at 31" March, 2020
Current			
Financial assets		3,869	7,177
Trade Receivables	12	3,869	7,177
Non-fluorial assets		102	77
Inventories	11	102	77
Total current assets pledged as security		3,972	7,254
Non-current			
Property Plant & Equipment	4	29,370	35,114
Investment Property	5	6,498	6,607
Other Non Current Financial Assets	9	148	154
Total non-currents assets pledged as security	N :	36,017	41,875
Total assets pledged as security		39,989	49,130



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 al Mar 2021

64 Related Party Disclosure

List of parties where control Exists

- a. Holding Company
 - · Sitl Networks Limited
- b. Fellow Subsidiary Companies
 - · Siti Vision Digital Media Private Lunited
 - · Variety Entertainment Private Limited
- c. Subsidiary Company -
 - Siti Maurya Cabie Net Private Limited
 - * Indinet Service Private Limited
- d. Entities with Common Control
 - · Siti Darshan Cable Net Co. Private Limited
 - · Siti Royal Heritage Communications Private Limited
 - · Siti Singbhutti Cable Net Company Private Limited
- e. Entitles in which Directors Interested**
 - Calcutta Communication LLP
 - · Victor Mediia Private Limited
 - Smart Vinimay Private Lippited
 - · Maxpro Tracon Private Limited
 - · Kolkata Media Services Private Limited
 - Victor Distributors
 - · SRD Properties Pvt. Ltd.
 - · Hi Tech Film and Broadcast Academy
 - Victor Electro Services
 - · Axom Communications & Cable Private Limited
 - Kolkata Entertainment Services LLP
 - Smart Cable & Broadband Services

f. Director/Key Managerial Personnel

· Mr. Suresh Kumar Sethiya

· Mr. Surendra Kumar Agarwala

Mr. Sanjay Berry

- · Mr. Mukund Venkatesh Galgali
- Mr. Kavita Anaed Kepulii
- Mr. Atal Kumar Singh
- Mr. Lawnen Singh Keira

Transactions with related parties.

Whole Time Director

Whole Time Director

Director (w.e.f. 15.07.2020)

2

212

Director (til) 23.04.2020)

Independent Director Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

2

(41)

Siti Darshan Cable Net Co. Siti Network Limited Communications Private **Particulars** (P) Ltd. Limited FY 19-20 FY 20-21 FY 20-21 FY 19-20 FY 20-21 FY 19-20 Expenses paid on behalf of 220 140 0 ٥ Purchase of Fixed Asset 50 Purchase of material & 1,230 1,099 1,266 416 Services Bad Debt Written off 207 Sales of service and 1,417 [,110 materials Sale of Pixed assets 31 2

784

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Provision for Doubtful

Outstanding at the end of

Dobes

year Dr(Cr)

651



11

(v) in Lakhs

11

11

Siti Royal Heritage

^{**} with whom the Company has transactions during the current year and previous year

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 ** Mar 2021

Transactions with related	parties.					(な) in Lakhs
Particolars	Calcutta Commi	micution LLP		amusications LI ⁷	Siti Vision Dig Lt	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Purchase of material &				7,7,7,7,7		
Services	15	-	-	-	-	
Ovestanding at the end of		į				"
year Dr(Cr)	75	93 [-	(0)	20	20

Fransactions with related	parties.					(₹) in Laklıs
<i>P</i> orticulars	Smart Vinimay P	rivate Ilmited	Siff Maury: Pvt,	a Cable Net Ltd.	Siti Singlibhum (P) L	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Expenses paid on behalf of		-	13	29	0	0
Purchase of material & Services	1	7:		-		
Bad Debt Written off	16		-		2 [_
Sales of service and materials	49	51	540	578	-	
Outstanding at the end of year	(2)	15	289	726		2

(₹) in Lakhs Transactions with related parties. Hi Tech Film and Broadcast Victor Distributers Indinet Service Pyt Ltd Particulars Academy FY 20-21 FY 19-20 FY 20-21 FY 19-20 FY 19-20 FY 20-21 Expenses paid on behalf of 849 949 Purchase of material & 138 148 Services Sales of service and 1,353 1,212 138 materia!s Sale of Fixed Assets 1,141 Provision for Doubtful Debts 12 l2 Outstanding at the end of (25) 9 Ð 12 year 13 (8)

Transactions with related pr	ransactions with related partles. (<) in Lakhs					
Particulars	SRO Properti	es Pyt. Ltd.	Maxpro Tra	con Pvt Ltd	Vericty Entertain	ament Pvt Ltd
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	8X 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Loans & Advances Given	_		-	_	4,812	_
Purchase of material & Services	1	1	_	2	-	
Sales of service and materials	-		19	21	434	-
Provision for Doubtful Debts		7	0	1	-	<u> </u>
Baddebt Written off	_	-		(0)		
Ontstanding at the end of year	(0)	(0)	0	. 2	5,214	

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31. "Max 2021

Transactions with related parties.

Particulurs	Axom Cominu Cable Pv		Victor Med Lin		Kolkata Media : Lim	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Expenses paid on behalf of	_	0	-			<u>:</u>
Purchase of material & Services	_	-	4;	19	-	. 1
Sales of service and materials	224	t2 4	_			5
Bad debt Written off	-	_	-	-	<u>L</u>	l l
Provision for Doubsful Dobts	41	41	-		-	
Outstanding at the end of year	341	438	(31)	5	(0)	1

(₹) in Lakhs Transactions with related parties. Kolkata Entertaloment Smart Cable & Broadband Victor Electro Services **Particulars** Services LLP Services FY 20-21 FY 19-20 FY 20-21 PY 19-20 FY 19-20 FY 26-21 Purchase of material & Services 17 2 Sales of service and materials 30 47 28 Bad dent Written off 3 Outstanding at the end of ņ уедг 4 8 (0)

Note: The Above information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company and relied upon by the auditors.

ħ.	Remancarton to KMP	(₹) in ½	akhs
	Particulars	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
	Surendra Kumar Agarwala ‡	127	77
	Suresh Kumar Sothiya *	127	77
	Atul Kumar Singh	54	50
	Total Remuneration	308	204

* Previous year remuneration is for part of the year.

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₹) in Lokhs

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 " Mar 2021

65 Revenue from contracts with customers

(A) Disaggregation of revenue

	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	
Particulars	C Lakbs	(₹) Lakhs	
Revenue from operations			
Sale of services			
Subscription income	27,958	29,090	
Advertisement income	4,503	3,585	
Carriage income & Marketing Income	4,108	5,384	
Activation and Set top boxes pairing charges	84	226	
Other operating revenue			
Sale of traded goods*	130,1	1,214	
Lease rental charges	428	530	
Other networking and management income	1,819	1,872	
Rent Income	480	517	
Other Operating Income	445	362	
	40,986	42,780	

The Company has disaggregated the revenue from contracts with customers on the basis of nature of services/goods sold. The Company believes that the disaggregation of revenue on the basis of nature of services/goods sold has no impact on the nature, amount, timing & uncertainty of revenues and cash flows.

(B) Contract Balances

The Company obssifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue. Trade receivable and unbilled revenues are presented not of impairment in the Balance Sheet.

The following table provides information about contract assets and contract liabilities for the contracts with the costomers.

	34-Mar-21	31-Nar-20
Particulars	₹) Lakhs	(₹) Lakhs
Receivables, which are included in Trade and other receivables'	3,869	7,177
Contract assets (Unbilled Revenue)	306	410
Contract Habilities (Uncarned Revenue)	1,264	1,218
	5,439	8,806

The contract assets is the Company's rights to consideration in exchange for goods and services that the Company has transferred to a customer. The contract liabilities primarily relate to the billing recognized in advance where performance obligations are yet to be satisfied.

Significant changes in the contract assets and the contract liabilities balances during the year are as follows.

				(7) Latklis
	31-Ma	r-21	3I-Mar	-20
Paticulary	· Contract	Contract liabilities	Contract assets	Contract liabilities
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,588	1,218	10,613	721
Add: Advance income received/ Income accrued not bilted ditting the year	4,175	1,264	7,588	1,218
Revenue recognised/income billed that is included in the bulance at the beginning of the year	7,588	1,213	10,613	721
Bolance at the end of the year	4,175	1,264	. 7,588	1,219

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Notes to Unancial statements for the year ended 31 " Mar 2021

(C) Performance Obligations and Remaining Performance Obligations

The tennicialing performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the provided expedient as given in ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performances as the performance obligations relates to contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less.

Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and are affected by several fectors, including terminations, changes in the scope of contracts, periodic revalidations, adjustment for revenue that has not materialized and adjustments for currency.

- 66 The Financial statements have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the board of directors in their meeting held on 22nd June 2021.
- 67 Previous year's figures have been regrouped and/or rearranged wherever necessary to make them comparable with the current years figures.

Notes to accounts referred in our report of even date.

For A.K. Bhalotia & Co. Chertored Accountants (Firm Registration No. - 329475E)

A.K. Bhalotia Proprietor Membership No.-065860

Place - Kolkuta Date - For Indian Cable Net Co Ltd (U92(32WB1995PLC025754)

Surendra Kumar Agarwala Whole Time Director DIN-00569816

Laxman Singh Kaira Company Secretary Suresh Kumar Sethiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098

Atul Kumar Singh C. F. O



Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph.: (O) 40052475, Mobile: 9831499465 E-mail: caashishbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Indian Cable Net Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Indian Cable Net Company Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, of the consolidated state of affairs (consolidated financial position) of the Group as at 31 March 2021, and its consolidated profit (consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income), its consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- 3. The Group's 'Revenue from Operations' include broadcasters' share in subscription income from pay channels, which has correspondingly been presented as an expense which is not in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS-115, 'Revenue from contract with customers'. Had the Management disclosed the same on net basis, the 'Revenue from Operations' and the 'Pay Channel, carriage sharing and related cost' each would have been lower by ₹ 21685 Lakhs for the year ended 31st March 2021 and the profit would have remained the same as currently reported.
- 4. Further, with respect to the above matter, qualifications have been given by other firms of Chartered Accountants vide their audit reports dated 18 June 2021, on the financial statements of the subsidiary Company, namely, Siti Maurya Cable Net Private Limited and is reproduced by us as under, with the aggregate amount pertaining to such subsidiary, as also included in the above paragraph:
 - The company's 'Revenue from Operations' includes broadcasters' share in subscription income from pay channels, which has correspondingly been presented as an expense which is not in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS-115, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'. Had the management disclosed the same on net basis, the 'Revenue from Operations' and the 'Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs' each would have been lower by ₹ 2573.09 Lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2021, while there would have been no impact on the net profit for the year ended 31 March 2021.
- 5. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial



Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph.: (O) 40052475, Mobile: 9831499465 E-mail: caashishbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in paragraph 16 of the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

- 6. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
- 7. In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter Provisioning for Expected Credit Loss ('ECL')

Trade receivables comprise a significant portion of the current financial assets of the Group. As at March 31, 2021 trade receivables aggregate ₹ 4600 Lakhs (net of provision for expected credit losses of ₹ 3526 Lakhs).

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

Since the Group has revenue streams which are dissimilar, the management has identified different classes of trade receivables basis the customer profile and nature of service provided or item sold. The management regularly assesses each class of trade receivables for recoverability. Provision for ECL is created by the management considering the recovery trends noted for the respective class, adjusted for forward looking estimates. Additional provision is created for the receivables specifically identified as doubtful or non-recoverable.

Estimation of the rates at which provision for ECL is to be created for each revenue stream, involve significant degree of judgment and estimate and is therefore considered a key audit matter.

Evaluation of uncertain tax positions

The Group has material uncertain tax positions including matters under dispute

How our audit addressed the key audit matter We have performed the following procedures for assessment of sufficiency of the provisioning for ECL:

- Obtained the aging of trade receivables and discussed the key receivable balances, considering if any correspondence is available to establish the management's assessment of
- Analysis of the methodology used to determine the provision amount for the current year.

recoverability of such dues.

- Assessing key ratios which include collection periods and days outstanding.
- Tested subsequent settlement of trade receivables after the balance sheet date on a sample basis,

We obtained details of completed tax assessments and demands for the year ended March 31, 2021 from management. We involved our internal experts to



Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph.: (O) 40052475, Mobile: 9831499465 E-mail: caashishbholotia@yahoo.co.in

which involves significant judgment to determine the possible outcome of these disputes.

Refer Note 45 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

challenge the management's underlying assumptions in estimating the tax provision and the possible outcome of the disputes. Our internal experts also considered legal precedence and other rulings in evaluating management's position on these uncertain tax positions. Additionally, we considered the effect of new information in respect of uncertain tax positions as at April 1, 2020 to evaluate whether any change was required to management's position on these uncertainties.

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

7. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. Reporting under this section is not applicable as no other information is obtained at the date of this auditor's report.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates and joint ventures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors/management of the companies included in the Group and its associates and joint ventures are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
- 9. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Ashish Digitally signed by Ashish Kumar Bhalotia Date: 2021.06.22
Bhalotia 21:20:40 +05'30'



Poddar Court, Gate No. 2 18, Rabindra Sarani, 6th Floor, Suit No. 16, Kolkata - 700 001 Ph.: (O) 40052475, Mobile: 9831499465

E-mail: caashvishbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

10. The respective Board of Directors of the companies in the group are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible
 for explaining our opinion on whether the holding company has adequate internal financial controls
 system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.





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15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

16. We did not audit the financial statements of Two subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 8480 Lakhs and net assets of ₹ 2819 Lakhs as at 31 March 2021, total revenues of ₹ 13344 Lakhs and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 60 Lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 17. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors, referred to in paragraph 16, on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, we report that the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies covered under the Act paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 18. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) we have sought and except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
 - c) the consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
 - d) except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, , in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and taken on record by the Board of Directors of he Holding Company and the reports of the other



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E-mail: caestvishbhalotia@yahoo.co.in

statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Group companies are disqualified as on 31 March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies, covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure I';
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group as detailed in Note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.;
 - ii. The Holding Company and it's subsidiaries did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2021;
 - iii. there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies covered under the Act, during the year ended 31 March 2021;

For A. K. Bhalotia & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 329475E

Ashish Kumar Balaotia
Bhalotia

Ashish Kumar Bhalotia
Date: 2021 06.22
21:22:05 +05'30'

(A. K. Bhalotia)

Proprietor Membership No.: 065860 UDIN: 21065860AAAABI3928

Place: Kolkata
Date: 22 June 2021

			(C) in La
1 1	Notes	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2
A., Assets 1. Non-currout Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	33,359	38,€
(b) Capital work-in-progress	4	2,863	1,7
(c) Investment Property	5	6.4 98	6,6
(d) Goodwill	6	2,107	2,7
(c) Other Intengible Assets	6	5,347	7,2
(f) Financial Assets	-	-,	-1-
(i) kvestmants	7	844	5,6
(b) Loans	8	4,926	·
(iii) Other Pinancini Assets	9	431	4
(f) Deferred Tax Asset (net)	10	130	
(g) Other non-correct Assets	11	712	. 6
Sub-total of Non-current Assets	_	57,157	55,6
. Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	13	150	
(b) Firancial Assets			
(i) Trade Resolvables	13	4,600	B,4
(II) Cash and Cash Equivalents	14	4,913	11,9
(iii) Bank Bolances other (ii) above	15	103	
(lv) Loans	16	-	
(v) Other Financial Assets	17	939	5
(c) Current Tos Assets	18	1,181	9
(d) Other Current Assets	19	l,240	1.7
ub-total of Current Assets		13,125	23,7
Potal Assets	20.63	70,783	82,3
. Espairy and Liabilities Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	20	- 8,640	8,6
(b) Other Equity	21	34,822	33.01
(c) Non-controlling interests		1,342	1,37
ab-total - Equity		44,804	43,6
labilities .			
Non-entreat Habilities			
(a) Moancial Liabilities			
(i) Long-tann Bottowings	22	3,50D ·	14,58
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	23	662	55
(b) Provisions	24	490	41
(c) Deferred Tex Liability (net)	25		45
(d) Orbor Non-correct Liabilities	26	179	14
de total - Non-current Liabilities		4,831	16,23
Chrrent Liablities			`
(e) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	27	1,765	6
(ii) Trade Payables	28		
- Total Outstanding does of creditors for micro			
enterprises and small enterprises		<u>11</u>	9
- Total Outstanding dues of creditors offices	4 ⊓	10,748	13,08
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	29	4,710	5,72
(b) Other Current Liabilities	34)	3,382	3,23
(e) Provisions	31	31	<u> </u>
b-uptal of Current Liabilities		20,648	22,72
tal Equity and Liabilities		70,283	az,32
numery of significant accounting policies	3		

For A.K. Bhaloda & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. - 1294751)

A.K Bhalotia Proprietor Mambership No.-065860

Płace - Kolksta DelcFor Indian Cable Net Co Ltd (192132WB1995FLC075754)

Sprendes Ryman Agarwala

Whole Time Director DIN-00569816

Laxorat Single Kaira Company Secretary

Suresh Kumar Sethiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098

Asal Comor Singh CFO



				(₹) in Laid
		Notes	March 31, 2021	March 31, 202
Ι				
	Revenue from Operations	32	52,381	54,004
	Other income	33 _	1,755	E,100
	Total Revenue	-	54,136	55,104
ŠĪ	Expenses			
	Cost of Materials Consumed	34	53	28
	Cost/Purchase of Goods Sold	35	791	1,000
	Carriage Sharing, Pay channel and related costs	36	34,465	34,355
	Employee Benefits Expense	37	2,208	2,092
	Finance Costs	38	1,016	2,145
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	39	8,915	9,230
	Other Expenses	40	5,760	5,903
	Total Expenses	_	53,208	54,760
		_		
W	Profit /(Loss) before exceptional items	_	928	344
	Exceptional Items (Refer Note No : 63)	_		2,263
£V.	Profit /(Loss) before tax		928	(1,919)
	Tax Expenses		9	(1,042)
	(a) Current Tax		624	034
	For Current Year		534	226
	For Barlier Year		103	2
	(b) Deferred Tax	_	(629)	(1,270)
\mathbf{v}	Profit /(Loss) for the year		919	(877)
	Other Comprehensive Income	41	18	(48)
VI	Total Comprehensive Income for the year	_	937	(925)
VΙΙ	Profit attributable to :			•
	Owners of the Company		B99	(786)
	Non Controlling Interest		19	(91)
	Other Comprehensive Income attributable to:			•
	Owners of the Company		83	(47)
	Non Controlling Interest		(0)	(1)
m	Profit/(Loss) to Equity Share Holders		937	(925)
	Earnings Per Share	42		
	Basic		1,04	(0.91)
	Diluted		1.04	(0.91)
	Summary of significant accounting policies	3		
	The accompanying notes are an integral part of thes	c ពីភពពល់នៅ sta	temeats.	

For A.K. Bhalotia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

· (Firm Registration No. - 329475E)

A.K Bhalotia Proprietor

Membership No.-065860

Place - Kolkato Date -

For Indian Cable Net Co Ltd. (U9\$432WB1995PLC075754)

Surfadra Namar Agarwala Witole Time Director DIN-00569816

Laxman Singh Kaira Company Secretary

Suresh Kumar Sethiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098

Consultatied Cash Flow Statement for year		
PANTICULARS	(₹) bo 31* March 2021	Lakès 31" Mayeb 201
A. Caph Flow from Opticalling Activities:	31 Water 2021	31. uobaen 501
Net Profit before Exaction, exceptional free & prigar period frems	928	344
Adjustment for t-] '*'	-
Deveration	5,915	9,210
Loss on sateritisperal/desagricalisation of Fiscal Assort	13	17
Loss /(Profit) on pale of Investments		(259
Bod Debis writzen off (Net of Previsions)	1	61
Provision for Redtement Benotic -	27	25
Providion for STBs Clure	68	25
Liability no loager required written back (Net)	· (821)	(234
Uncertied less(galis) on Investment	. 214	(স
Provision for Expected for Credit Loss-	767	953
Unralised Foreign Exchange Chin (Loss)		(70
Interest Paid & Berraning coal	هاهرا	2,145
Interest on Fixed Deposit/ CL Reflerd / Others	53.5	[613
Operating profit before working capital changes	11,570	12 .0 57
Change to working capital	1 1	
Increase/[Courents) in Trado payables	(1,6045)	:,820
Incresse/(Decresse) is other current liabilities	156	*61
Incretise(Decrease) is other non-current liabilities	(480)	€8
(negeose)(Deogrape) in other current featurint linevillies	<u>}</u> (964)	(2,668
increase(Decrease) in other mon etternt financial babilities	} 49	(369)
Decrease' (Increase) in Trade receivable	3,077	2,022
Decrease (Inecess) in Inventories	(61)	20
Descriss@Increase) in current advances	l • [68
Decrease/(Serease) in Other Non Current Picancial Asswer	- i	(224)
Decrease/(Regresse) in Other Current Financial Assets	(429)	632
Дианция (битеры) In other систем выей	527	{198
Decreased (Interest) in white more extrem assets	47	. (496)
Cash Contration from Operating Activities before exceptional lient	[2,02A	13,707
Exceptional term	11	(2,263]
Sasta Generation from Operating Artifoldes after exceptional item	12,020	11,444
Institute Tax Paid (Sectioning 1745)	(207)	(461)
of Cash Generation from operating Activities	11,821	151,956
), Cashilow Frank Lavering Activities:	. l i	
Prochase of Fixed Assets/ CWSP / Copile Advances	(2,932)	(727)
Realisation of capital advasce given	l - i	5,377
Sale of Fired Assets/Decapitalisation	j 9	37
Investment in Mortral Fund	<u> </u>	(18,300)
Տոյթ of Mujuet Fund	[-]	18,560
LOHITE H	(535)	113
Investment in FD/Term Deposit/Leans	(4,888)	254
er Cash. Generation from Investing Activities	(8,356)	5,334
- Cashfley From Financing Actividing		
Knorest Paid on Borrowings	(1,016)	(2,145)
Borrowings Taken / (Repsychant) 201 of regayanents **	(5,385)	(3,914)
Principal Repayment of lease liability	[(52)	(50)
iel Cosk Generaligo from Simuncing Antivides	(10,450)	(6,109)
fet Bacercaso/(decrease) in Clish & Cach Equivalents (A+8+C)	(6,988)	(0,16)
երի & Cpşlı Equivatent at the beginning of the Year	11,901	1,741
ast & Cosh Equivalest at the epd of the year	4,913	[1,90t
Cash & Cash Squivebnt include	As on 31" March 21	As on 31" March 20
Cash Balenco	1,468	5,187
Bank, Bolance	535	4,050
Depasits - Free Maturity within 3 recoller	2,910	2,654
Cash & Cash Equivalent Reported	4,913	11,391

Males: Previous years' figures are regularised whether increasing.

Cash From Statement softered in our capoet of over chain.

For A.K. Bhatons & Co. Chartered Accommunit (Bina Registration No. - 3294752)

A.X Basicile Proprietur Membership No.-065860

Place - Koʻkala

For Indian Cable Not Co Ly (U92:32WB1995PLC075754

Company Semetary

Şeresh Kumar Sethiya Wêrok: Tenn Dîrector DR400345008

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021 Statement of Change in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2021

			Other	Equity			
Per(louines	Equity Share Capital	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Ecretings	Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	Fotal Other Equity	Non Controlling Interests	Total
Bulanco at 1st April 2019	8,640	18,968	T3,769	-	34,737	1,415	44,792
Changes in Equily Share Capital	-		- 1	_	-	. !	
Profit for the year	-	-	(786)	٠ . ا	(786)	(92)	(87 8)
Other Comprehensive Income	- 1	-	(47)		(67)	- 1	(47)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	•	(632)	-	(832)	(92)	(925)
Bolance at 31st March 2020	8,648	18,968	14,937		33,90S	1,323	43,868
Balance at 1st April 2020	8,640	18,968	14,937	.	33,905	1,323	43,868
Changes in Equity Share Capital	' •	-	.		- !	.	
Profit for the year	- [-	899	-	899	19	918
Other Comprehensive Income		-	18		18	-]	18
Folal Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	918	-	918	19	937
Balance at 31st Morch 2021	8,640	18,968	15,854	-	34,822	1,342	44,804

Statement of change in equity referred in our report of even date.

For A.K. Bhalatia & Co. Chargered Accountants (Firm Registration No. - 329475E)

A.K. Shaketia Proprietor Metaberahip No.-065860

Phos-Kalkasa Date - For Indian Cable Net Co Ltd (U92132WB1995PLC025254)

Strendra Kulmar Agarwala Veole Time Director DRI-00569816

Laxmon Singh Kairs Company Secretary Sunash Kumar Sethiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098

Asu Kema Singh CFO



Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Corporate Information

Indian Cable Net Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the company" or "ICNCL" or the "the Holding Company" or "the Parent Company") together with its Subsidiaries Indiant Service Private Limited and Siti Maurya Cablo Net Private Limited collectively referred to as a "the Group" are engaged in distribution of television channels through digital cable distribution network, primary internet (Broadband) and allied services. The company is an Unissted Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India and has a registered office at Kolkata in the state of West Bengal, India.

2 Basis of Preparation

(a) Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with relevant rules of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 read with companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules as amended from time to time.

(b) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate (collectively referred to as "The Group").

In proparing the consolidated financial statements, financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries have been combined on a line by line basis by adding the book values of the like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses after eliminating intra-group balances / transactions and unrealised profits in full. The amount shown in respect of reserves comprise the amount of the relevant reserves as per the balance sheet of the Parent Company and its share in the post acquisition increase in the relevant reserves of the consolidated entities.

The excess/deficit of cost to the Parent Company of its investment over its portion of net worth in the consolidated entities at the respective dates on which the investment in such entities was made is recognised in the financial statements as goodwill/capital reserve. The Parent Company's portion of net worth in such entities is determined on the basis of book value of assets and liabilities as per the financial statements of the entities as on the date of investment and if not available, the financial statements for the immediately preceding period adjusted for the effects of significant changes.

Uncontrolling Interest in subsidiaries represents the minority shareholders proportionate share of the net assets and net income.

Uncontrolling interest in not profit of consolidated subsidiaries for year has been identified and adjusted against the income in order to arrive at the net income attributable to the shareholders of the company. Their share of net assets has been identified and presented in the consolidated balance sheet separately. Where accumulated losses attributable to the minorities are in excess of their equity, in the absence of the contractual obligation on the minorities, the same have been attributed to the shareholder of the Holding Company.

(c) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for following:

- a) Financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that is measured at Fair value/ Amortised cost;
- b) Non-current assets held for sale -- measured at the lower of the corrying amounts and fair value less cost to sell;
- c) Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;

(d) Functional and Presentation Currency

The Financial Statements have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirements of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year, unless otherwise mentioned, and are explained below-

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Use of estimates and Critical accounting judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of Income and Expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current or future periods. The most significant techniques for estimation are described in the accounting policies below. Critical accounting judgments and the key sources of estimation or uncertainty in applying the Group's accounting policies arise in relation to the following and also in relation to other accounting policies as stated elsewhere:

- (i) Property, Plant and Equipment: Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost /deemed less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Leasehold Land is amortised over the period of useful life. Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.
- (ii) Intangible Asset: Network Assets, Software and VC Cards are included in the Balance sheet as an intangible asset where they are clearly linked to long term economic benefits of the Group. In this case they are measured initially at purchase cost and then amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated usoful lives. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination (Goodwill) are reported at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- (iii) Revenue Recognition: The Carriage, Marketing and Placement income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the basis of contract with the broadcasters. Since this is a continuing service, therefore in few cases the Income is recognised following the trend of past basis in the absence of agreement pending renewal.

(iv) Claims, Provisions and Confingent Liabilities

The Group has ongoing litigations with various regulatory authorities and third parties. Where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made besed on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, management provides for its best estimate of the liability. Such accruais are by nature complex and can take number of years to resolve and can involve estimation uncortainty. Information about such litigations is provided in notes to the financial statements.

(v) Uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

The Group has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of receivables, unbilled revenues and investment in subsidiaries. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Group, as at the date of approval of these financial statements has used internal and external sources of information including credit reports and related information, economic forecasts. The Group has performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used and based on current estimates expects the carrying amount of these assets will be recovered. The impact of COVID-19 on the Group's financial statements may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment

(i) Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment is recognised at cost less accumulated depreciation or impairment losses if any, incurred to bring the asset to the present condition and location. The cost of fixed assets comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to its intended working condition and estimated costs of dismantling, removing and restoring the site on which it is located, wherever applicable.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The items of spare parts, stand-by equipments and servicing equipments that satisfy the definition and recognition enteria of Property, Plant and Equipment is classified under Capital work in progress. Capital Work in progress comprises of the cost of fixed assets that are not put to use at the reporting date.

Set top boxes are treated as part of Capital Work In Progress till at the end of the month of activation, after which the same are depreciated.

(ii) Depreciation on Tangible Assets

Depreclation on tangible assets is provided on straight line method over the useful lives of assets estimated by the Management. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during the period is proportionately charged. Leasehold land is amortized over the effective period of lease. The details of estimated life for each category of asset are as follows:

	Estimaten
Asset_	useful life
	based on SLM
Buildings	60 years
Computers and Data Processing Equipment	3 years
Plant and Machinery	8/ 15 years
Set Top Boxes	 8 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Studio Equipments	13 years
Office Equipments	5 years
Softwares which are an integral part of Property, Plant and Equipment	6 у с ага

(iii) Disposal of Assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(iv) Reclassification to Investment Property

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified as investment property at its carrying amount on the date of reclassification.

(c) Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill acquired on business combination is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other Intangible Asset

Other Intangible Assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognistion, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated emortisation and accomulated impairment losses, if any.

<u>Asset.</u>	Estimated useful life based on SLM
Network Assets	10 years
Software and VC Cards	6 усагэ

(d) Investment Property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Upon initial recognition, an investment property is measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

The management believes a period of 60 years as representing the best estimate of the period over which investment properties (which are quite similar) are expected to be used. Accordingly, the Group depreciates investment properties over a period of 60 years on a straight-line basis.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from the use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The not difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

Though the Group measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer. The Group has obtained valuation report for the Fair Valuation of the same.

(e) Investment in equity instruments

The Group measures its equity investments at fair value through Profit and Loss account.

(f) Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are measured at the lower of the carrying amount and the fair value less cost to sell.

An impairment loss is recognized for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognized for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognized. A gain or loss not previously recognized by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognized at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortized while they are classified as hold for sale. Non-current assets (or disposal group) classified as held for sale are presented separately in the balance sheet. Any profit or loss arising from the sale or remeasurement of discontinued operations is presented as part of a single line item in statement of profit and loss.

(g) Impairment of Assets

Financial Assets

For the purpose of computation of expected credit loss, the Group has analysed the trend of provisions for doubtful debts created in earlier years and has also considered the fact that the Group has revenue from DAS customers which has been booked as per prepaid model of billing. The expected credit loss has been computed on basis of recoverability (after analysing each head separately) for DAS customers. Further, the Group has analysed expected credit loss separately for carriage revenue obstomer (including Marketing & Piacement Income customers) and other than carriage revenue customer primarily because the characteristics and historical losses trend was different in these two streams.

(ii) Non-Financial Assets

The Carrying amount of the fixed assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard-36 on "Impairment of Assets" prescribed by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) rules, as amended from time to time, to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. Impairment test is performed for an individual asset, unless asset does not generate each flows that are largely independent. Otherwise the assets are tested for Cash Generating Units (CGUs). An Impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss if the assets or CGU's earrying amount exceeds the greater of Fair value less cost or Value in use. Reversal of Impairment are recognised (except Goodwill) through Statement of Profit and Loss except those routed through reserves.

(b) Leases

Where the Group is a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in Property, Plant and Equipment. Lease income on an operating lease is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on monthly rental basis, wherever applicable over the lease term. MA CTI

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

Where the Group is a lessee

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for premises. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset, (2) the Group has right to receive substantial economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of the lease and (3) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset throughout the period of use. At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessec, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (shortterm leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and leave liabilities include these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shoner of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset, ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances ladicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of the leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lesse liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and tease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows-

Stock in trade & Stores and spares valued at cost on weighted average method or at not realisable value whichever is lower. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(j) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised on the basis of approved contracts regarding the transfer of goods or services to a customer for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of discounts, rebates, outgoing taxes on sales of goods or services

(i) Subscription Income from Cable Service

Subscription Income from Cable Service (net of applicable taxes and duties) are recognized on accrual basis from the date of commencement of supply at the signal injection point(s) of the customers as per schedule of rates.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

(ii) Income From Activation Of Services

The Group has adopted Ind AS 115 (revised) and accordingly these financial statements are prepared in accordance with recognition and measurement principals laid down in Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". In pursuance of the same, Income from activation of digital cable services is recognised as revenue over the initial contract period.

(iii) Carriage, Marketing & Placement Income

Carriage, Marketing and Placement Income is recognized on accrual basis over the terms of related agreement/ negotiations provided that there is no significant uncertainty regarding the realisable amount of consideration.

(iv) Other Services

- i) Income from insertion of advertisements is recognized on accrual basis from the date(s) of insertion of advertisements based on the terms specified in the release orders.
- (i) Income from rendering technical services is recognized on accrual basis.
- iii)Income from fiber leasing is recognized on accrual basis as per terms of the respective contracts.

(v) Lease Income

Lease income from supply of set top boxes is recongnised on accrual basis as per terms of agreement of lease. Rental Income from Investment Property is recognised as per the respective lease agreements.

(vi) Sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when no significant uncertainties exist regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived and risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. The Group collects Goods and Service Tax (GST) on behalf of the government and, therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Group. Hence, they are excluded from revenue, Revenue from High sea Sales are being recognised on transfer of title of goods to the customers.

(k) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing Costs are the interest or the other cost which the entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of the funds. These include interest expense calculated using the Effective interest method as per Ind AS 109. Borrowing cost which are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a "Qualifying Asset" are included in the cost of the asset when it is probable that they will result in the future economic benefit to the entity and it's cost can be measured reliably.

(I) Foreign Currency Transaction

Transaction in foreign currency is recorded at the rate of exchange preveiling on the transaction date (s). Transaction remaining unsettled, is translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the financial year. The exchange rate difference arising there-from are adjusted in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

(m) Cash Flow Hedge

A Cash Flow Hedgo is used when an entity is looking to eliminate or reduce the exposure that arises from changes in the each flows of a financial asset or liability (or other eligible exposure) due to changes in a particular risk. The accounting of derivative instruments is made on commitment date rather than on settlement date. The Cash flow hedge is marked to market on the reporting date and the Cash flow hedge reserve is shown under Other Equity. The effective portion of Cash flow hedge is transferred to Other Comprehensive Income and the ineffective portion is transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss account.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

(n) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. The transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through Profit or Loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through Profit and Loss are immediately recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

Compound Financial Instruments

Separation of instrument into its liability and Equity component is made at the time of Initial recognition. The fair value of liability component establishes its initial carrying amount which is then deducted from the fair value of the instrument as a whole to attive at the residual amount being recognised as the equity component. The fair value of the liability component at the initial recognition is the Present value of the contractual stream of future cash flow discounted at the market rate of Interest that would have been applied to the instrument of comparable credit quality with substantially the same cash flow.

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial Assets

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(iii) Derecognition of Flaancial Liabilities

The group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the groups's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

(Iv) Offsetting Unancial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the not amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a logally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the counterparty.

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Notes to Consolidated figancial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

(o) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution plans are charged as an expense as they fail due. Payments made to state managed retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Groups obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme. For defined benefit retirement schemes, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each balance sheet date. Re-measurement gains and losses of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. The service cost, net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) is treated as a net expense within employment costs. Fast service cost is recognised as an expense when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs or when any related restructuring costs or termination benefits are recognised, whichever is earlier. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined-benefit obligation as reduced by the fair value plan assets.

(p) Taxation

Tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the reporting period. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include each in hand, e-wallet balance, deposits held at call with banks and other short term deposits including the Bank Overdraft.

(r) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

(i) General

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated. Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. When appropriate, provisions are measured on a discounted basis.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where:

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- (a) by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the cutity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities; and
- (b) as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge those responsibilities.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

(ii) Contingent Liebilities

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may probably not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible or a present obligation where the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Notes to Consolidated figureigl statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

(s) Earnings Per Share

Basic carnings per share is computed by dividing profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The group did not have any potentially dilutive securities in any of the periods presented.

(t) Segment Reporting

The group is a Multi System Operator providing Cable Television Network Services, Broadband Services and Other Related services which is considered as the only reportable segment. The groups operations are based in India.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 21

Note 4: PROPERTY, MANT & EQUIPMENT & CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE WINES IN THOSE RESIDENCE AND A STREET WINES.	TURKS, EIV PRO	CKESS									Tin Lakhs
Particulars	Leaso Hold Leand	Building	Plant on d equipment	Compaters	Office equipment	Pornitare and Extures	Vehicles	Set top boxes	Set top boxes (Under Lense)	ldyht of Use Asteks	Total
Year unded 31 March 2020 Orose Carrying Amount as on 63 April 2019	4,697	3,537	14,182	\$29	21.7	1,446	192	42,623	1,423	,	68 847
Dispusais		٠	555	Ľ,	æ ,	301	<u>e</u> . 9	1,972	. •	593	3,540
Transfer to hypotement pruperly Elimination	•	(132)	1	•	•		<u> </u>	(41013) ,		96	(1325) (132)
Closing Gruss Cerrying Amount	4,697	3,405	14,737	546	300	1,747	204	43,577	1,423	172	70.889
Accumulated Depreciation Cognite Accumulated Depreciation	EF.C	٤	2 103	90	;		:		,		
Depreciation charge during the year	69	7.5	1,281	ž ti	ទួជ	182	នន	17,557	1,076	340	26,097
Composite to Investment property	•	, €	•			•	ව	(969)	٠.		(2/6)
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	341	135	7.637	405	1		1			(281)	(281)
	The state of the s				ADT	774	\$	41.79	1,751	23	32,209
Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2029	4,356	3,270	7,264	51	134	1,335	120	21,785	172	113	38,600
Year caded 31 March 2021 Operion Grass Carreine Answard se on D. Arrell 2020	600	909		ì	*						
Additions	(S) '	CO.	1,513	54 E4	359	1,747	204 5	43,577	1,423	172	70,809
Disposals		٠	(1,698)	(181)	ව	,	2 €	(162)	Š.	×3	2,568
Closing Gross Carrylog Amount	4,697	3,485	14,552	387	314	1,747	320	44,366	1,521	380	73.329
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Opening Accumulated Demesiation	141	7. 7.	7.4	9	771						
Depreciation charge during the year	3	45	1.243	7 OT	5 t	214	2 6	21,791	1251	65	32,209
Disposals		,	(733)	(173)	; 2	ē.	Q (2	4,364 0.46)	IS	65	6,817
Closing Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	£	190	7,984	340	204	579	107	26,629	1,432	118	37,971
Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2021	4 196	3315	DYTY	1		,					
	2000	3,610	0000	**	III	1,168	113	17,677	109	62	33,359
						•				-	TOW OLD

Note (a) : CWIP Bs 2863 (P V Rs 1796 lakhs) lakhs , consists - Set Yop Boxes Rs 2307 (PY Rs 122 lakhs) lakhs, OTT Software Development - Rs 122 (PY Rs 37 lakhs) lakhs, Building Development Rs 9 (P Y Rs 9 lakhs) lakhs and Networking material Rs 564 (PY Bs 522 lakbs) jakbs

Now (d): Refer note no. 66 for information on property, plant and equipment pleaged as securities by the Company.



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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 2 March 2021

Note 5: INVESTMENT PROPERTY

₹ in Lakhs

Z in Lakh

Note 5: INVESTMENT PROPERTY	₹in Lakh
PARTICULARS	INVESTMENT
	PROPERTY
Year ended 31 March 2020	
Gross Carrying Amount as on 01 April 2019	6,745
Additions	
Transfer from Property, plant & equipment	132
Closing Gress Carrying Amount	6,877
	- 1
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	
Opening Accumulated Amortisation	160
Additions	107
Transfer from Property, plant & equipment	3
Ciosing Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment	270
Closing Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 2020	6 602
Clusing Net Christing Amount as bit 51 march 2020	6,607
Year ended 31 March 2021	
Gross Carrying Amount as on 01 April 2020	6,877
Additions	j -
Transfer from Property, plant & equipment	
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	6,877
Accumulated aniortisation and impairment	
Opening Accumulated Amortisation	270
Additions	109
Fransfer from Property, plant & equipment	
Closing Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment	379
consist vectoristics such coarten but imbun ment	3,7
Closing Net Carrying Amount as on 31 March 21	6,498

Notes:

1. Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment Property

1. Information regarding informs and experience of information re-		V III DIIAL
Particulars	For the year	For the year
Tarreams .	ended	ended
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Rental income derived from investment properties	456	493
Direct operating expenses that Generated rental income		_
Direct operating expenses that did not Generated rental income		-

- 2. The management has determined that the investment property consists of Building besed on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. The Company's investment properties consist of a portion of its building situated at Kolketa on the basis of present / intended use.
- 3. Refer note no. 66 for information on investment property pledged as securities by the Company.

4. The Pair Valuation of Investment Property as on 31st March 2021 was Rs 16045 lakhs (P Y Rs 15963 lakhs) as assessed by independent valuer.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

Note 6 : GOODWILL & OTHER INTANGIB:	11003120	r'				₹ in Laki
			OTHER IN	TANGIBLE ASI	CC'FS	
PARTICULARS	GOODWILL	DISTRIBUTION NETWORK ASSETS	VC CARDS	SOFTWARE	LICENCES	TOTAL OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS
Year ended 31 March 2020						
Gross Carrying Amount as at 01 April 2019	4,213	· £5,371	3,547	823	32	19,77
Additions			9	_	-	!
Disposal	L		(7)			· · (
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	4,213	15,371	3,550	823	32	19,77:
Accumulated Depreciation	[ļ	
Opening Accumulated Depretiation	2,107	7,685	2,348	458	4	10,496
Addition	}	1,537	382	115	1	2,035
Disposal	<u> </u>		(5)			(3
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	2,107	9,222	2,724	574 .	<u> </u>	12,526
Josing Net Carrying Amount	2,107	6,148	\$25	249	26	7,249
to a district and the	[
(ear caded 31 March 2021	i l				i	
Gross Carrying Amount as at 01 April 2020	4,213	15,371	3,550	823	32	19,775
Opening Gross Carrying Amount	[" ⁺ '-', "	13,371	3,550	250	34	258
Additions	1	-	(15)	(644)	اء -	(659
Disposal	4,213	15,371	3,543		32	19,374
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	1 712/3 t	13,371	۵۳۵ <u>، ۱۳۳۰</u>	429	34	17,374
accomplated Depreciation						
pening Accumulated Depreciation	2,107	9,222	2,724	574	6].	12,526
encitibp.	(· •	1,537	332	118	2	1,989
Disposal			(14)	(475)		(489
losing Accumulated Depreciation	2,107	10,760	3,042	217	7	14,026
	2,107	4,611	108	211	24	5,347

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

			(₹) in Lakhs
"	and the second s	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	-corrent investments (Trade, unquoted)		
	g term investments		
	ucd at cost unless stated otherwise)		
125W	istment in equity instruments XI Nos (PY 125000 Nos) of Equity Share of Axon Communications and		
Cable	TV Pvt Ltd (FV ₹ 10/-)	844	1,058
	,	844	1,058
		- Contract C	1,056
8 Loar	15		
Secut	rity deposits - Unsecured, considered good	114	156
	to Fellow Subsidiary - Unsecured, considered good	4,812	130
		4,926	150
۰ ۵۰۰	-N C		
	r Non Current Financial Assets		
Iviarg	in money deposit (pledged) with statutory authorities	431	423
		431	423
to Data			
	rred Tax Assets (Net) rred tax liability		
	assels: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and	202	
	ciation/ emortization charged for the financial reporting	729	•
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***	
	timing differences	118	
Gross	s deferred tax Lizbility	847	·~·
Defea	Ted tax asset		
	at of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss	67	
	current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis	411	•
	sion for doubtful debts and advances	00.5	
	disallowances	825	•
	deferred tax asset	85	
		977	
Tet d	eferred tax asset/ (Habilities)	130	
1 Other	rs- Non Current Assets	•	
Prepai	id Expenses	. 61	43
	d Advances	244	197
Balanc	ces with Statutory Authority	407	405
		712	645
Invent			
Set To	-	-	0
Stores	aud speres	150	
		150	88
Trode	receivables		
	ared, considered good (Includes ₹ 335 lakhs (PY ₹ 883	4,600	8 ,4 44
	receivable from entities in which director is parmer,	4,000	0,744
	or or director)		
	ared, considered doubtful (includes ₹ 169 lakhs (PY ₹ 188	. 3,526	4,977
	receivable from entities in which director is partner,	5,520	7,277
	er or director)		
134031676	is not assistantly	0 105	13,421
		8,126	1344L
Face- D	rovision for Expected Credit Loss	3,526	4,977
1.433. [1010040 104 SUBMITTE OF ALL HADE	4,600	8,444
	_	7,000	V37

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			(?) in Lakhs
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2029
14	Cash and bank balances		
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash in lund	1,468	5,187
	(Includes Cheque in Hand Rs 1297 Laids (CY) Re 5015 Laikh (PY) and wallet	1,406	3,107
	halaccePOS Balance Rs 106 Laki; (CY) and Hs 104 Lakii (PY))		
	In current accounts	535	4,060
	In deposit account (with maturity upto three aronths)	2,910	2,654
		4,913	11,901
15	Other Bank Belances		
	In deposit account (with maturity upto (welve months)*	103	. 0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	103	0
	*Pledged with bank against borrowings		
16	Loans		
	Unsecured, considered good		_
	Advances to distribution companies	-	2
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances		(2)
		_	
17	Other Current Financial Assets	•	
χı	Interest accrued and not due	404	3
	Uppilled revenue	535	507
	Official revenue	939	510
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 510
18	Current Tax Assers\Liabilities (nut)		
	Current tax liablifies		
	Provision for tax	1, 54 3	1,659
	Current tax assets		
	Advance tax	2,724	2,649_
		1,181	990

19		397	309
	Advance to Vendors	73	90
	Advance to Related Parties	365	947
	Balances with statutory authorities	495	420
	Prepaid Expenses	1,240	1,766
			1,700
20	Share capital	•	
	Authorised share capital		
	88,010,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	8,786	8,786
	30540 Preference Shares of ₹ 100/- each	31	31
	Total authorised capital	8,816	B,816
	V A -1 10-3		
	Issued share capital	8,640	8,640
	8,64,01,070 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each (Out of above 313,10,000 Nos of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each alloted for	4,440	03414
	consideration other than cash in pursuant to the scheme of smalgamation		
			0.48
	Total issued capital	8, 640	8,640
	Subscribed and fully paid up capital		
	edirectives with 18th but the cabiter	8,640	8,640
	Total paid up capital	8,640	8,640
	Tarm hang oh cahana.		1.10
	(n)		

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(i)Equity Shares

21

	31-Mar		31-Mar-20	}
	Nos	₹ in Lukha	Nor	₹ in Laklis.
At the beginning of the period	8,64,01,070	8,640	8,64,01,070	8,640
Outstanding at the end of the year	8,64,91,070	8,640	8,64,01,070	8,640

Terms & rights attached to equity shares

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders,

Out of Equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/ associates are as below:

Particulars	31-Mar-21		31-Mar-20	
	Nos	₹ in Lakha	Nos	₹in Lokhs
Equity Shares				
Holding Company -Siti Network Limited	5,18,31,000	5,183	5,18,31,000	5,183
Subsidiary of Holding Company- Central Bombay Cable Network	30,000	3	30,000	3
Limited				

Details of share holder helding more than 5% share as at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

Name of Shareholder		Eggity Shares			
	As at 31	As at 31" Mar 2022		As at 31 st March 2820	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding	
Sit! Network Limited, Holding Company	5,18,31,000	59.99	5,18,31,000	59.99	
Anutag Chirimar	52,36,357	6.06	52,36,357	6.06	
Sunil Nihalani	54,54,347	6.31	54,54,347	6.31	
Suresh Sethiya	54,51,007	6,31	54,51,007	6.31	
Tinkari Dutta	52,44,586	6.07	52,44,586	6.07	
Zafer Igbal	52,25,596	6,05	52,25,596	6.05	
Surendra Kumar Agarwal	52,19,377	6.04	52,19,377	6.04	

		₹) in Lakhs
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1 Other Equity		
Securities premium account		
Balance at the beginning of the year	18,968	18,968
Balance at the end of the year	18,968	18,968
Surplus/(Deficit) in the Statement of profit and loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	14,937	15,769
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	899	(786)
	18	(47)
	15,854	
Non-controlling interests	1,342	1,323
	1,342	1,323
Balance at the end of the year	34,822	33,905
Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year Other Comprehensive Income Non-controlling interests	899 18 15,854 1,342 1,342	.1.

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		March 31, 2021	(7) in Lakhs March 31, 2020
23	Non Current Financial Liabilities	010101131, 2021	Mint(01 2 %, 2020
	Borrowings		
	(a) Term loans from banks Term loans (Secured)	3,500	14,500
	Term loan from Axis Bank carrying interest @ one year MCLR + 1.60 % p.a., repayable in 4 half yearly installments, secured by the first and exclusive # equitable mortage of land and building at Plot No XI/4, Block- EP & GP, Sector-V, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700091, exicusive security interest in the movable asset and entire current assets including receivable both present and future and pledge of 29.99% shares of the company hold by Siti Networks Ltd (Holding Company)		
	Term loans (Secured) Term loan from Axis Bank carrying interest @ one year MCLR + 0.90 % p.a., repsyable in one quarterly installments, secured by the first and exclusive # equitable mortgage of land and building at Plot No XI/4, Block- EP & GP, Sector-V, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700091, exclusive security interest in the throughle asset and entire current assets including receivable, both present and future.	· -	84
	ANIMAL MANAGE TO A MANAGE OF BLOCK TO A TOTAL OF	3,500	14.584
73		74	en.
	Lease liabilities in respect of right of use assets Security Deposit	. 24	50 260
	Interest free deposits from customers	295	284
		662	594
24	Non-Current Provisions Provision for employee benefits Provision for granity Provision for compensated absences Others- Provision for Chum STB's (Refer Note: 64)	131 136 222 499	131 134 154 419
25	Deferred tax liability (net)		
	Deferred tax Hability Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/ amortization charged for the financial reporting	-	1,657
	Other timing differences	<u> </u>	172
	Gross deferred tax liability		1,829
	Deferred tax asset Impact of Lease liability against Right to Use Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and toss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis	-	4 65
	Provision for doubtful debts and advances Other disallowances	:	1,228 34
	Gross deferred tax asset		1,331
	Net deferred tax asset/ (liabilities)		(498)
	Other non-current Babilities Deferred Income	179	340
	1.1	179	140
	NA CHI	GELE VEN	1
	M M	(z(Kolkata))

		(%) in:	
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
27	Short-term burrowings		
	Ounder A from Ania Bank	1.000	
	Overdraft from Axis Bank (Secured by first charge on entire current sisets of the company,	1,703	-
	both present and future and also secured by the first and exclusive		
	equitable mortgage land and building at Plot No XI/4, Block- EP		·
	& GP, Sector-V, Salt Lake, Kolketa-700091, pledge of fixed		
	deposit, held in the name of the company and personal guarantee	•	
	of the directors)		
	Inter Corporate Deposit		
	Unsecured		
	From Related Parties	62	66
		1,765	66
28	Trade payables		
	Total outstanding dues of creditors of micro enterprises, small		•
	enterprises and other enterprises (Refer Note No : 47)	11	94
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than of micro enterprises,		
	small enterprises and other enterprises	10,748	15,084
		10,760	13,177
	:		
	Other Current financial liabilities	46	77
	Lease Liability	46 · 1,478	72 1,209
	Creditors for capital goods Payable for Contractual Liabilities	30	79
	Paysole for Congramm Liabilities Current maturities of long-term borrowings	3,084	4.200
	Content magnitudes of finance lease obligations	0	1
	Interest accrued but not due on horrowings	ō	165
	Book overdraft	72	0
		4,710	5,727
30	Other Current Liabilities		
	Unearned Income	2013	1923
	Advances from customers	673	366
	Payable for statutory liabilities	696	948
	Other Advances	- 0	0
		3,382	3,237
11	Current Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits .		
,	Provision for gratuity	. 18	12
	Provision for compensated absences	13	7
		31	18

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Sale of services Subscription income Advertisement income Carriage income Activation and Set top boxes pairing charges	31,528 5,037 4,887 107 8,300	(*) in Lakis March 31, 2020 33,178 3,976 6,491 245
Subscription income Advertisement income Carriage income	5,037 4,887 107	3,976 6,491
Advertisement income Carriage income	5,037 4,887 107	3,976 6,491
Carriage income	4,887 107	6,491
	107	•
Activation and Set Ion haves paining charges	107	•
Morragion and per tob doves butting cuttinges	8,300	
Subscription Income - Internet	·	7,168
Other operating revenue		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Sale of traded goods*	926	1,118
Lease rental charges	128	230
Other networking and management income	567	742
Rental Income	456	493
Other Operating Income	445	362
	52,381	54,004
* Details of sale of traded goods		
Set top box and viewing cards	817	1,086
Store and spares	109	32
	926	1,118
33 Other income	•	
Interest income on		
Bank deposits	100	46
Others .	435	67
Bad Debt Recovered	433 11	01
Excess provisions written back	821	234
Profit on sale of Investment	021	259
	•	
Net gain of Fair value of investments through P&L	-	70
Other non-operating income	388	425
	1,755	1,100
34 Cost of materials consumed-stores and spares		
Opening stock	88	109
	88	109
Add: Purchases during the year	79	8
	168	117
Less: Transferred to CWIP	1	-
Less: Transferred to fixed assets		-
	167	117
Less : Closing stock	114	88
/ N /	53	28

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

			(₹) in Lakhs
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
35	Cost/Purchase of Goods Sold		
	Set top box and viewing cards and stores and spares	791	1,007
		791	1,007
36	Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs		
	License Fee	6	-
	Management Charges	. 300	1,800
	Pay channel Expenses	21,685	20,927
	Building Maintenance Expenses	50	23
	Lease Rental & Right to Usage Charge	755	781
	Bandwidth Cost	2,671	2,458
	Program Production Expenses	193	211
	Other Operational Expenses	1,877	1,52 6
	LCO sharing, Commission Charges and Incentives	6,928	6,630
		34,465	34,355
37	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries, allowances and bonus	1,884	1,781
	Contributions to provident and other funds	117	114
	Gratuity Fund Contribution .	51	46
	Staff welfare expenses	156	151
	•	2,208	2,892
38	Finance costs		
	Interest on Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost	996	2,101
	Bank charges	9	8
	Interest on Lease Liability	11	16
	Amortisation of borrowing and ancillary costs	1	20
		1,016	2,145
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses		£Λ
	Depreciation on Right to use (Lease)	59	59
	Depreciation of tangible assets (Refer note 4)	6,866	7,135
	Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer note 6)	1,989	2,036
		8,915	9,230

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

				(🕏) in Lakhs
	•		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2029
40	Other expenses		"	
	Rent		173	171
	Rates and taxes		215	263
	Communication expenses	•	70	73
	Repairs and maintenance			
	- Network		460	306
	- Building		13	15
	- Others		268	280
	Electricity and water charges		580	578
	Legal, professional and consultancy charges		712	549
	Printing and stationery		7	18
	Service charges		1,415	1,485
	Travelling and conveyance expenses		214	314
	Auditors' remuneration (Refer Note: 56)		24	20
-	Vehicle expenses		244	222
1	Insurance expenses		16	13
Ì	Net loss in Fair value of investments through P&L		214	-
(Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure		27	57
]	Donation to Political Party			-
]	Loss on Sale / Discard / Write off of Assets (net)		13	17
1	Provision for Chum STB's		68	23
1	Provision for Expected Credit Loss		767	955
Į	Provision for doubtful advances ₹17,700 (P Y Rs 25,305)		0	0
I	Rebate and Discount		1	19
ź	Advertisement and publicity expenses		55	. 89
Æ	Bad debts	2,218		
Ι	ess: Debts w.off from earlier provision	(2,217)	1	61
J.	Business and sales promotion		41	158
1	exchange fluctuation loss		42	137
N	discellaneous expenses	•	102	82
I	oterest On License Fee		·	0
N	Membership and Subscription Expenses		14	
I	nterest On Statutory Dues		· 6	
			5,760	5,903

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note No:41		₹in Laklış
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Romensurements of the net defined benefit plans as under		[
Remeasurement of employee benefit obligations	24	(64)
(ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassifed to profit or loss	(6)	16
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
(ii)Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	18	(48)

Note No: 42		₹ia Laki
Earnings per share	Year Endo 31 March 20	ed Year Ended 021 31 March 202
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	89	99 (786
Number of weighted average equity shares	8,64,01,01	70 8,64,01,070
Basic (Rs)	1.0	04 (0.91
Diluted (Rs)	1.0	04 (0.91
Nominal value of per equity share (₹)		10 10

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note No :43 Tax Expenses

The major components of Income Tax for the year are as under:

(7) in Lakhs

		17/11 4/48111
Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Income tax related to items recognised directly in the statement of profit and loss		
Current tax - current year	534	226
-carlier years	103	2
Deferred tax charge / (benefit)	(629)	(1,270)
Income tex expense reported in Profit or Loss [(i)+(ii)]	, gʻ	(1,042)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Section		. 1
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		·
Current Tax (income) / expense on remeasurement of defined benefit plans	6	. (16)
Effective tex rate	0.97%	54.29%

A reconciliation of the income tax expense applicable to the profit before income tax at statutory rate to the income tax expense at the Company's effective income tax rate for the year ended 31 March, 2021 and 31 March, 2020 is as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Profit before to:	. 928	(1,919)
Income tax		, - /
Statutory income tax on profit	235	(485)
Tax effect on non-deductible expenses	2,576	3,265
Additional allowances for tax purposes	(2,276)	(2,535)
Others / Deferred Tax effect	(629)	(1,270)
Deferred Tax effect on carry forward IT Loss	u.	(20)
Tax effect for earlier years	103	2
Tax expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss	9	(1,042)

The applicable statutory Income Tax rate is 25.168% for the FY 2020-21 (25.168% for FY 2019-20).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to do so. For analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes refer note no-10.

The Group have temporary differences of Rs Nil (P Y Rs Nil) in respect of unutilised tax losses.

Deferred tax recognised in statement of profit and loss

(₹) in Lakhs

Partie and a property of the same of the s		(A) in the was
For the year ended	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Employee retirement benefits obligation	(0)	6
Allowances for credit losses	329	86
Depreciation and amortisation	(929)	(1,213)
Other disallowances	(29)	(148)
Tota!	(629)	(1,270)

Reconciliation of deferred tax assets / (habilities) net:	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Opening balance	(498)	(1,768)
Adjustment on Derecognition of Subsidiary	-	- ,
MAT Credit (adjusted) / entitlement	• -	- [
Deferred tax (charge)/credit recognised in	-	-
-Other Equity (Retained Earnings)	-	-
-Statement of profit and loss	629	1,270
Total · ·	130	(498)

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

44 (i) Fair value measurements

There have been no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period. The Group does not have any investments (other than investment in subsidiary), derivative financial assets and liabilities. Hence, Level 1 and Level 2 hierarchy is not applicable.

Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the corrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 March 2021:

A. Financial instruments by category

	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020		8Z0	
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cast	FVTPL	FYOCI	Amortised cost
Financial assets (Non Current & Current)			!			
Bank deposits		· •	431	-	_	423
Inter- Corporate Deposit		•	4,812	- :	-	
Interest accessed and not due	-	-	404	-		3
Security deposits (Non Current)	-	-	114	-	- :	150
Investment (Non-current, financial assets)	844	-		1,058		
Unbilled revenues	-	-	535	-	-	507
Receivable against Redemption of Curtent	i					
Investment	!		- [1		-
Trade receivables	l - i	- [4,600			8,444
Cash and cash equivalents	٠. ا	.	4,913		- 1	11,901
Other Bank Balances		: 1	103			0
Total financial assets	844	•	15,913	1,058	-	23,429
Financial (labilities (Non Current & Current)			į			
Sorrowings (non-current, financial liabilities)	-	- 1	3,500	-	- i	14,584
Borrowings (current,financial liabilities)	-	- 1	1,765	-	-	6G
Payables for purchase of property, plant and]		•	Į.	
equipment (non current)		i	-		[-
Security deposits received from customer & Lease	i	- !	i		- 1	
Liability	- ,	-	662	- 1		594
Frade payables	- 1	.	10,760	-	- 1	13,177
Other financial Habilities (current)			4,710	_		5,727
l'otal financial liabilities		-	21,397	-	-	34,149

Fair Value Hierarchy

Investment in subsidiaries, associate and joint venture are measured at cost as per Ind AS 27, 'Separate financial statements'.

**The Group has not disclosed the fair values for financial instruments such as each & cash equivalents, short term trade receivables, short term trade payables because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(II) Financial risk management objectives and policies

Financial risk management

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Groups's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and each and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations. The Groups's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

A. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Group causing financial loss. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date

B: High credit risk

The Group provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
•	Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets except	Life time expected credit loss or fully provided for
Low credit risk	Trade Receivable, security deposits, Unbilled revenue and amount recoverable	
High credit risk	Trade receivables, security deposits, Investment, Unbilled revenue and amount recoverable	Life time expected credit loss or fully provided for

Based on business environment in which the Group operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party faits to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Credit rating	Particulars .	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Low credit risk	Cash and eash equivalents and other financial assets except Trade Receivable, security deposits, Unbilled revenue and amount recoverable	5,851	12,927
High credit risk	Trade receivables, security deposits, Investment, Unbified revenue and amount recoverable	10,905	10,160

Concentration of trade receivables

The Group has widespread customers and there is no concentration of trade receivables.

Credit risk exposure

Provision for expected credit losses

For the purpose of computation of expected credit loss, the Group has analysed the trend of provisions for doubtful debts created in earlier years and has also considered the fact that the Group has revenue from DAS customers which has been booked as per prepaid model of billing. The expected credit loss has been computed on basis of recoverability (after analysing each head separately) for DAS customers. Further, the Group has analysed expected credit loss separately for carriage revenue customer (including Marketing & Placement Income customers) and other than carriage revenue customer primarily because the characteristics and historical losses trend was different in these two streams. The group does not expect any further risk of credit impairment on account of possible impact relating to COVID 19 in estimating expected credit loss provision.

Expected credit loss for Trade receivables, security deposit and Amounts recoverable under simplified approach. As at March 31, 2021

As at March 31, 2021		₹ jn Lakh			
Ageing		Estimated gross carrying amount	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision	
Trade receivables		8,126	3,526	4,600	
Security Deposit		114		114	
Inter- Corporate Deposit		4,812	-	4,812	
fuvestment		844	-	844	
Unbilled Revenue	1 1 1	535		535	

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2621

As at March 31, 2020			₹ in Lakh	
Ageing Trade receivables Security Deposit Amounts recoverable Investment	Estimated gross corrying amount	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision	
	[3,42]	4,977	8,444	
	150	-	150	
	1,058		-	
			1,058	
Unbilled Revenue	507		507	
Reconciliation of loss allowance provision – Trade recoivables			₹in Lakh	
Loss allowance on March 31, 2620			4,977	
Changes in loss allowance			(1,450)	
Less allowance on March 31, 2021			3,526	

B.Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the Groups's business activities may not be available.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Groups's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Short term liquidity requirements comprises mainly of trade payables and employee dues arising during normal course of business as on each halance sheet date. Long- term liquidity requirement is assessed by the management on periodical basis and is managed through internal accurals and through funding commitments from shareholders. As at each statement of financial position date, the Groups's liabilities having contractual maturities (including interest payments where applicable) are summarised as follows:

(ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

₹ fo Lakt

•	M	March 31, 2023			Mareh 31, 2020			
Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Less than one year	One to two years	More than two years	Less than one year	One to Iwo years	More than two years		
Non-derivatives			:					
Secured Borrowings (con-current,finaucial liabilities)	3,603	3,748	-	5,902	4,420	13,515		
Secured Borrowings (current, financial liabilities) including interest	1,765	-	-	232	•	~		
Borrowings (non-current, financial Rabilities)	-	-	-	-	•	-		
Other financial liabilities	1,508			1,288	-	-		
Security deposits received from customer	-	-	639	-	-	292		
Book Overdraft	72	-	-	-	-	-		
Orade payables	10,760	-	-	13,177	-	-		
Lease liabilities in respect of right of use assets	46	16	7	72	27	23		
Potal non-derivative liabilities	17,754	3,764	646	20,671	4,447	13,830		

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

C.Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Groups's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Cash Flow Hedge Accounting

The Group has foreign currency exposure in the form of Trade Payable/Advance to Vendors and is exposed to change in the exchange rates. Poreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Group's functional currency (₹). The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency cash flows.

Foreign currency risk is managed by following established risk management policies, which inter alia includes monitoring the movements in currencies in which the capex vendors are payable and hadging the exposure to foreign currency risk by entering into forward currency contracts as and when deemed appropriate.

The Group does not enter into or trade financial instrument including derivative for speculative purpose.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk exposure:

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR, are as follows

	_31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Financial assets (A)		•
Trade receivables		_
Financial liabilities (B)	230	1,423
Payable to vendors for property, plant and equipment	230	1,423
Net exposure (B-A)	230	1,423

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

•	Impact on J	Impact on Profit after tax		
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20		
(₹) / USD increased by 5% (previous year 5%)	(12)	(71)		
(7) / USD increased by 5% (previous year 5%)	12	71		

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Groups's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to each flow interest rate risk.

(a) Interest rate risk exposure

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31th March the Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. Other borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Variable rate horrowings	6,584	18,951
Total borrowings	6,584	18,951

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points (P Y 100 bps) Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points (P Y 100 bps)					
Mind	M				

Impact on loss after tax				
31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20			
65,84	189,51			
(65.84)	(189.51)			



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2021

(III) Capital management

Risk Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard continuity, maintain a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to shareholders through continuing growth. The Group's overalt strategy remains unchanged from previous year. The Group sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments. The feading requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation and other non-current borrowings. The Group's policy is to use current and non-current borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio which is not debt divided by total capital (equity plus not debt). The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. Not debt are non-current and current borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and current investments. Equity comprises all components including other comprehensive income.

Particulars .	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Cash and cash equivalents	4,913	11,901
Other Bank Balances	103	0
Margin money	431	423
Total cash (A)	5,447	12,325
Borrowings (non current, financial liabilities)	3,500	14,584
Borrowings (current, financial liabilities)	1,765	. 66
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	3,084	4,200
Current materities of finance lease obligations		1
Total borrowing (B)	8,349	18,852
Net debt (C≈B-A)	2,901	6,528
Total equity	44,804	43,868
Total capital (equity + not debts) (D)	47,706	50,395
Gearing ratio (C/D)	6%	13%

Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities

The classification and measurement of financial assets will be made considering whether the conditions as per Ind AS 109 are not based on facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition.

Financial assets can be measured using effective interest method by assessing its contractual cash flow characteristics only on the basis of facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition and if it is impracticable to assets elements of modified time value of money i.e. the use of effective interest method, fair value of financial asset at the date of transition shall be the new carrying amount of that asset. The measurement exemption applies for financial liabilities as well.

Applying a requirement is impracticable when an entity cannot apply it after making every reasonable effort to do so. It is impracticable to apply the changes retrospectively if:

a) The effects of the retrospective application or retrospective restatement are not determinable;

b) The retrospective application or restatement requires assumptions about what management's intent would have been in that period; The retrospective application or retrospective restatement requires significant estimates of amounts and it is impossible to distinguish objectively information about those estimates that existed at that time.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

49 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent interconded for)

Particulars	As at 31 Mar 2021	As at 31 Mar 2020
	(₹) in Lakter	(₹) in Lakhs
(i) Contingent Liabilities	•	
(a) Claims against the group not acknowledged as debt #	11,137	10,672
(b) Gustantees ##	327	345
	11,464	11,017
(ii) Commitments		
(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Net of advances)	1,875	1,730
	1.875	1,730

Includes Rs 401 (PY Rs 406 lakks) lakks on account of entry tax on import of STB and other networking materials into West Bengal. The West Bengal government levied entry bex vide 'West Bengal Tax on entry of goods into local areas Act 2012'. The operation of the Act was w.e.f. 1st Apr-2012, The validity of the this levy has been challenged by the company in the Honorabic Calcutte High Court by a writ pelition, on the belief that the lavy is unconstitutional and is thus unsustrinable. The company is hopeful of getting a favourable order.

Includes Rs 6 (PY Rs 6 Jukha) lakha against a moony suit filed by M/s Ten Dot Net Cable Pvt. Ltd. for recovery of alloged dues against a work contract allegedly done for the company.

Includes Rs 87 (PY Rs 87 lakhs) lakhs on account of demand received from District Magistrate Noids for Enterwinnent Tax on activation / justellation charges of STB's in UP. Demand received of Rs. 87 lakhs for the period till Jun 17 on activation charges on STB's,

Includes Rs 37 (PY Rs 37 takks) links on account of Show cause curn demand received from Service Tax dept for financial year 2014-15 & 2015-16 and Rs 25 (PY Rs 25 lakks) Lakks on account of Show Cause Notice cum demand received from service tax Deptt on observation of Service Tax audit for P.Y. 16-17 & upto Jone 17 for excess utilisation of Convet Credit & short payment of RCM on which the company believes that no Rability will develop on the company in

Includes Rs 78 (PY Rs 78 taxlus) lakks on account of demand received from Joint Commissioner (AE) Central Tax-UP. The domaind is against Audit for FY 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 & 2016-17.

Includes Rs 416 (PY Rs 416 takks) lakks of Demand by Sales tax Deptt. on account of VAT & CST liability for FY.2015-16. The copyring files a writ petities before Tribunal. The writ petition has been disallowed on the ground of Non attendance, now restoration position was filed before Kolkata High Court & the company is tropefull of getting a favourable order.

Includes Rs 116 (PY Rs 116 lakhs) lakhs on account of Dharkhand VAT flability on Set Top Box transfer.

Includes Rs 11 (PY Rs 11 laklis) lakks on account of show cause notice received from Deptt, for short payment of service Tax & inadialsofbillty of Ceavat & non payment of RCM & Interest in respect of Noida unit for FY.12-13 to FY.15-16.

Includes Rs 4 (PY Rs 4 lekhs) lakhs on account of case filed by Den Network against Sahay Cable, Nilabh & Vincé kumar in which ICNCL is also being made party for recovery of their dues.

Includes Appeal against Demand (CERA) of Rs 86 (PY Rs 86 lakts) lakts for difference between opening & closing Centur In the month of Oct2015 .

Includes offeet of reduction in MAT credit with consequent hopest on MAT utilisation in A.Y. 2017-18 which is the subject metter of Contingency, Amount calculated as difference between MAT credit availed as per ITR filed for A.Y. 2016-17 Rs 317 (FY Rs 317 lakhs) lakhs and MAT credit available as per Order u/s 143(3) Rs 28 (PY Rs 28 lokhs) lakhs.

Includes income tax demand for AY 2017-18 Rs 218 Lakis (PY Rs 218 lakis) which has been adjusted with TDS refundable. The said demand has been disputed in appeal by the company.

Includes income tax demand for AY 2018-19 Rs 182 Lakhs (PY: NIL). The said demand has been disputed in appeal by the company.

During the financial year ended 3's March 2019, the Directorate of Revenue Intelligence (DRI), Bangalore, u/s 108 of the Custom Acs, 1962, had inquired about the classification of viewing cards for applicability of customs duty. The Company had, suc-moto, paid Rs 20 Lakhs under protest. Subsequently the Company has received a show cause notice with a demand for Rs 6671 Lakes. The Company has filed a Writ Petition before the Horbie Delhi High Court challenging the Show Cause Notice and is confident that the demand will not sustain. Therefore no provision has been made in these financial statuments and the amount demanded has been considered as contingent flability.

Includes Rs 212 laking (PY -Rs 557 laking) on account of disputed pay channel liabilities of Broadcasters as the rate charged as per Invoices for different packages are higher than as agreed between Broadcasters & the Company.

Indinct Service Pvt Ltd, the subsidiary company has been granted Unified License from Ministry of Communications & IT, Department of Telecoms (DoT), under Government of India, under which the company is required to pay an annual liceuse fee (AGR Fee) at the rate of 8% of the its adjusted gross revenue. Internet Service providers' Association of India of which the Company is a member and filed a polition with others against the DoT before the Telecom Dispute Settlement Appellate Tribunal (TDSAT) against levy of AGR Fee on Pure Internet Service. TDSAT vide it's order dated 18/19/2019 has upheld the contention of the petitioners and set aside the demand of AGR Ree on Pare Internet Services. In view of the said Order, the company has ceased to provide for the AGR Fee w.e.f. FY 2019-20 on Pitte Internet Service. DoT has filed an Appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the Order of the TDSAT and the same is pending for figure adjudication. In view of the same, the liability of AGR Fec of Rs 58450 thousands and Rs 66230 thousands for the year ended 31st March, 2020 and 31st March 2021 respectively on Pure Internet Services has been considered to be contingent in nature due to the prevailing uncertainty of the final outcome of the dispute.

Includes claims against the Compuny, not acknowledged as debts Rs 1,049 talklis (Previous Year Rs 1,049 talklis) in respect of Siti Maurya Cable Not Private Ltd, the Subsidiary Company.

For counter bank guarantees in respect of outstanding book guarantees & FD pledged Rs 327 lekhs (FY Rs 345 lakhs)

in addition, the Group is subject to logal proceeding and claims, which have arisen in the ordinary course of historia. Alice Group's management does not financial conditions.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021.

46 Group Information

a) Accounting Policy for Non Controlling Interest

The group recognises non-controlling interest in an acquired entity at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity act identifiable assets.

b) Subsidiaries

The groups subsidiaries at 31 March 2021 are set out helow. Haless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of equity shares that are lacid directly by the group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equois the voting held by the group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of husiness.

Sr N	a Nume of Entity	Pince of Business	Ownership interest held by group	Ownership interest held by Non Controlling interest	Ownership Interest held by group		Dusiness
			sa at M	lazel: 31, 2021	us at Mier	rch 31, 2020	•
1	Siti Mauryo Cable Nes Pvt. Ltd.	albri	50.10%	49.90%	50.10%	49,90%	Digital Cable TV Business
2	Indipot Service Pyl. Ltd.	tndla	100%	0%	100%	6%	Internet Service Provider Business

	(₹) in Lakh
45 pt 31-03-2021	es et 31-93-2020
1 1	94
- 1	
	-
	•
	31-03-2021

#The management has identified does to micro and small enterprises as defined tuster Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) on the basis of information made available by the supplier or ventions of the Group.

48 Value of Imports calculated on CIV basis

Parilculars	·	31-Mar-21 (7) la Lakhs	31-Mar-20 (T) in Lakhs
Consumables		66	3
Capital Goods		200	1,049
Total		266	1.052

49 Expenditure in Foreign Corrects

Particulars	31-Mar-21 (?) in Lakha	31-Mar-20 (3) in Laklis
Interest	-	-
Membership & Subscription	11	9
Annual Maintenance Charges	105	45
License Fees	722	945
Travelling & Conveyance	2	4
Installation & Commissioning Charges		33
Total	839	1,036

58 At the year end, unliedged foreign currency exposures are as follows:

		As on 31/03/2021		As on 31/03/2020	
Porticulars	Currency	Currency Tin Lakhs In Foreign		₹ In Lakhs	In Foreign Currency
Advance to Vendor	USD	36,26	0,49	25.77	0.34
Advance to Director and Employees	Thai Bhat	-		0.20	0,09
Advance to Director and Employees	ទីរមា	-	-	0.46	0.01
Advance to Director and Employees	USD	-		0.38	0.01
Payable to Vendor	USD	28.18	0.38	662.75	8.79
Payable to Vendor	Euro	201,90	2.35	760.39	9.16
Total		266	3	1,450	1.8

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

51 (i) The detail of employee benefit for the period in respect of gratuity which is funded defined benefit plan is as under-

n. Component of employer expense		(₹) in Lakhs
PARTICULARS	As on 31" Mar 2021	As on 31" Mar 2020
Correct Service Cost	41	40
Interest on defined benefit obligation	20	13
Expected Return on plan assets	(10)	(7)
Not Accrual losses/(gains) recognized in the year Post Service Cost	(24)	SD
	- 1	-
Total Included in comployer benefit	27	96
Actual Return on plan assets	EI	6

b. Net Asset / (Liability) recognized in the balan	(7) in Lakins	
PARTICULARS	As on 31" Morch 2020	
Present Value of Funded Obligation	313	283
Fair Value of Plan Assets	164	\$40
Net Liability	149	143
Amount in Balance Sheet		
Liability	149	143
Assets		
Net Liability	149	143

c. Reconciliation of Benefit Obligation & Flan Assets	(C) in Lakhs	
PARTICULARS As on 31 th March 2021		As on 31" March 2020
Change in Defined Benefit Obligation		
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	283	(82)
Impact of Derecognition of Axon Communication &		-
Cable Pvt Ltd		j
Current Service Cost	41	40
Interest Cost	20	13
Actuarial Lesses / (Gain)	(23)	49
Past Service Cost	· · · · · ·	
Renefits Paid	(7)	(1)
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	313	283

Change hi Fair Value of Assets					
Opening Fair Value of Plan Assets	[40	97			
Expected Roturn on Plan Assets	10	7 }			
Actuarial Gain / (Losses)		(1)			
Contribution by Eurobyer	19	37			
Benefits Paid	(6)	(1)			
Clasing Pair Value on Plan Assets	:64	140			
Expected Employer Contribution Next Year	38	39			

(ii) The Defined Benefit Obligation of compensated absence in respect of Privilege Lenve is Rs 149 Lokins (P.Y Rs 140 Lakins).

(iii) Actuarial Assumptions

Constitut Associapation						
Category of Assets	As on 31" March 2021	As on 31" March 2020				
Discount Rate (p.a.)	7.00%	7.00%				
Expected rate of rotum on Assets	7.00%	7.00%				
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	8.00%	8.00%				

- a Discount Rate is based on the prevailing tracket yield of lodian Government Securities as the balance skeet as date for expected term of obligation.
- Expected rate of return on plan assets is besed on our expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investment of the fund during the estimated term of obligations.
- c Salacy Escalation rate is based on estimates of future salary increases taking into consideration of inflation, seniority, promotion and other rejevant feetors.
- 52 The Communical Tex authorities, Government of West Bangal, by an order duted June 9, 2003, sought to impose sales tax, with reprospective effect from April 2, 1997, on the Company's income from cable TV services. The Company has filed an application before the Hon'ble West Bengal Texation Tribunal on July 15, 2003, seeking, inter atia, that the aforesaid order be set uside. The Hon'ble West Bengal Texation Tribunal by its order dated August 1, 2003 has directed that pending disposal of the application, assessment proceedings may continue but that no demand notice will be issued. The matter had come for hearing on several occasions been adjourned, pending State's suburdations. In view of the fact that neither assessment proceedings have been completed nor demand notice less been issued, the alleged liability for Sales tax cannot be ascertained. Consequently no liability on account of sales tax has been recognized by the Company in the books of accounts.
- 53 The Hon'ble Supreme Court in its recent rating had rated that various allowances like conveyance allowance, special allowance, duestion allowance, medical allowance cto., paid uniformly, and universally by an employer to its employers would from part of basic wages for computing the provident fund ("PF" or 'the fund') contribution and thereby, has laid down principles to exclude (or include) a particular allowance or payments from 'basic wage' for the purpose of computing PF contribution. The Company pays certain allowances to its outployers as a part of compensation structure, which have made on included in the basic wages for the purpose of computing the PF. As this rating has not prescribed any clarification w.r.t. to its application, the triplety have on legal advice and management assessment has applied the aforesaid triling prespectively. Management believes that this will not result in any management is believed in the purpose of company.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

\$4 Looses:

Right-of-use assets		₹ in lakkıs
	Land and Building	Tetal
Gross carrying amount	***	·
Bulance as at April 01, 2020	172	172
Addition	1	8
Disposals -	*	
Balance as af March 31, 2020	180	180
Accumulated depreciation	•	•
Balance as at April 01, 2020	59	59
Charge for the year	59	5 9
Disposals		
Balance as at March 31, 2020	118	118
Net corrying amount as at March 31, 2020	133	113
Net eatrying appount as at March 31, 2021	62	62

Disclosures on lease pursuant to Ind AS 116 - Leases

- (a) The Company has leases for office buildings. Variable base payments which do not depend on an index or a rate are excluded from the initial interastrement of the lease liability and right of use cosets. The Company classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent occurrent to its property, plant and equipment.
- (b) Each leave generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. Some leaves centain an option to extend the leave for a further term. The Company is prohibited from setting or pledging the underlying leaved assets as security. For leaves over office buildings and other premises, the Company is required to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the leave contracts.
- (b) The table below describes the nature of the Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on balance sheet:

Right-of-use asset	Number of ROU assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	Number of leases with extension options	Number of leases with termination options
Buildings	23	I · 3	•	···-

(d) Lease payments not included in measurement of lease liability -

(c) Total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 31 March 2021 is Rs 52 Jakhs. Interest on lease liabilities is Rs 11 lakes for the year ended March 31, 2020

55 Future Minimum Leave Payments and their Present Values are given below:

Minimum leaso payments due (K) :					
	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	after 5 years	Total	
March 31, 2021					
Leaso payments	-	-		-	
Finance charges	-	-		-	
Net present value	-	-		•	
March 31, 2020					
Lease payments	E.5Q	-	-	1.50	
Finance charges	0.06		-	0.06	
Not present value	1.44	-	-	1.44	

56 Payment to Auditors (accrued) (Excluding Goods & Service Tax)

🐧 in Lakbs

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
PARTICULARS	As on 31 March 2021	Ar on 31 March 2020
Audit Fees	11.	9
Limited Review	· 7	6
Tax Audit Fees	2 ;	1
Other Services	5	5
Reimbursements	1]
Total	26	22

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Notes to Consulidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

57 in compliance with Indian Accounting Standard 110 "Consulidated Financial Statements" referred to in Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, road with Ruic 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Ruics, 2014, the parent company has prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements, which includes the financial statement of the parent company and its subsidiaries listed below:

Name of the Subsidiaries Siti Maurya Cable Net Pvt. Ltd. Indicet Service Pvt. Ltd. Country of Incorporation Percentage of Ownership

India India

50.10%

58 Certain Bulmoses of Loans & Advances, Trade Receivables, Trade Payables, and other assets & Habilities are subject to confirmation.

59 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

CSR Amount required to be spent by the companies within the group as per Section 135 of Companies Act 2013 read with Schedule VI thereof, the utilisation is done by way of contribution towards various activities.

- (a) Average not profit as prescribed under section 135 of the Companies Act 2013: Rs 1354 labbs (PY Rs 2841 labbs).
- (b) Expenditure in reinted corporate social responsibility during the year Rs. 27 labdes (PY Rs 65 takhs).

Details of Amount spent towards CSR is given below

		(₹) in Lakhu
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Henith	27	49
Women Zaugowerment		
Sport Sponsorship		4
P M cares Fund*(CY Rs 46000)	0	12
Total	27	65

^{* 2019-20} figures includes Rs 8 facs pertaining to 2018-19

- 60 In the opinion of the Board of Directors the current casers, losses supported shown in the Balance Sheet as on 31th Mar' 2021 are considered good and fully recoverable, except otherwise stated and provision for all known liabilities has been made in the accounts.
- 61 Subsequent to outbreak of Cosonovirus (COVID-19) and consequential lockdown across the country, the Group has continued to uperate and provide cable services to its customers, which has been declared as an essential service, without disruptions. Based on its review and current indicators of economic slowdown, there is no significant impact on its financial statement. The Group will continue to closely manifer any material changes strising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.
- 62 The Group elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income tax Act 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act 2019, Accordingly, the Group has recognised Provision for Income Tax for the quarter and year ended 31st March 2020 and re-measured its Deferred Tax Assets on the basis of the rate prescribed in the said section. The full impact of this change has been recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss for the quarter and year ended Mar 20.

63 Exceptional Item includes:

Particulars

As on 31"
As on 31"
As on 31"
March 2020

MA (ii)

Providen for Expected Credit Loss

2263

In view of the New Regulatory Framework for Broadcasting & Cabic services notified by Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI), which has come into effect during the year ended March 31,2019 resulting hate changes in pricing mechanism & arrangements amongst the Company, LCO & Broadcasters the Management, based on review, has provided for Impact on financial

64 Movement of Provision Tin Lakhs
Particulars Provision for Churn STE

Particulars	Provision for Churn STB			
Farticulars	Non Current	Corrent		
Balance as at 31 March 2020	154			
Additions *	68			
Balance as at 31 Morels 2021	222	:		

^{*} Included under Other Expenses in the statement of Profit and Loss.

statements, bence been disclosed as "Exceptional Item in Pinancial Results".

65 Information under section 186 (4) of the Companier Act 2013

There are no investments or loan given or guarantee provided or accurity given by the group.

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Notes to Consolidated fluoretal statements for the year mided 31st March 2021

66 Assets hypothecated / pledged as security

The carrying amounts of sesses bypotherated / pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are :

			₹in Lak)ış
D. et al. a	Refer Note	As at	Αşηt
Porticulars	No.		31" March,
	<u> </u>	2021	2020
Current			
Financial assets		3,869	7,177
Teads Receivables	E£	3,869	7,177
Non-figured assets		102	77
Investocies	12	102	77
Total current assets pledged as accurity		3,972	7,254
Non-current			
Property Plant & Equipment	4	29,370	35,114
Investment Property	5	6,498	6,607
Other Non Comput Financial Assets	9	431	423
Total non-currents assets pledged as security		\$6,300	42,144
Total assets pledged as security		40,272	49,398

67 Revenue from contracts with enstomors (A) Discongregation of revenue

(v) preadbledanny or teaching		
	37-higr-2i	<u>31-Mar-70</u>
Particulars	(T) (# Laklas	(T) in Lakby
Revenue from operations .		
Szig of survices		
Subscription income	31,528	33,178
Advertisement income	5,037	3,976
Carriago incomo & Marketing Income.	4,987	6,491
Activation and Sal top teaxes paining charges	107	245
Subscription income - Internet	8,300	7.168
Other operating revenue		
Spile of traded goods	926	1,118
Least renial thurges	1,28	250
Other networking and management intents	557	742
Rent Income	456	493
Other Operating Income	. 553	362
	52,381	54.184

The Group has disaggregated the revenue from contrasts with customers on the basis of nature of services/goods sold. The Group believes that the disaggregation of revenue on the lastic of nature of services/goods sold has no impact on the mature, nature, timing & uncertainty of revenues and cosh flows.

(B) Contract Balances

The Orang classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables at either a receivable or as utabilied coverage.

Frade receivable and unhilled toweruses are presented not of impairment in the Bakance Sheet.

		-91=WESE>141
Particulars	(₹) in Laids	(₹) i= Lakhs
Contract essets (Trade Receivables)	4,600	E,414
Contract assets (Utabilited Revenue)	S26	507
Courteet liabilities (Unconned Revenue)	2,013	1,923
	7,139	19,875

The contract easels is the Group's rights to consideration in exchange for goods and vervices that the Group has transferred in a customer. The contract liabilities primarily relate to the billing recognized in advance where performance obligations are yet to be satisfied.

Significant changes in the contract rasets and the contract liabilities balances during the year are as follows.

				(₹) in Lakhs
: :	31-Ma	31-Mar-21		far-20
Particulars	Contract eracts	Contract liabilities	Contract gates	Contract Nabilities
Bulance at the beginning of the year	8,952	1,923	12,359	865
Add; Advance Insulin received/ Income accrued not billed during the year	5,135	2,013	6,9 52	1,923
Reverse recognized/income billed that is included in the balance at the beginning of the year	8,952	1,923	12,359	. 865
Batance at the end of the year	5,135	2,013	8,951	1,923

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

(C) Performance Obligations and Remaining Performance Obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reperting period and an explanation as to when the Group expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Group has not disclosed the remaining performances as the performance obligations relates to contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less. Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and are affected by several factors, including terminations, changes in the scope of contracts, periodic revalidations, adjustment for revenue that has not materialized and adjustments for contracts.

68 Related Party Disclosure

List of parties where control Exists

- a. Holding Company
 - · Siti Networks Limited
- b. Fellow Subsidiary Companies**
- Siti Brendband Services Private Limited
 - · Sitt Vision Digital Media Private Limited
 - Veriety Entertainment Private United
- a. Entitles with Common Control
 - · Siti Durshon Cable Net Co. Private Limited
 - Siti Royal Heritage Cable Net Co. Private Limited
 - Siti Singblaum Cuble Net Company Pvt, Ltd.
- d. Entities with Significant Influence**
 - · Maurya Diginet Pvt. Ltd.
- e. Entitles in which Directors Interested**
 - · Smart Vinimay Private Limited
 - Colcutte Communication LLP
 - Gunderiga Condink Private Limited
 - Purvi Communications 12.P
 - · Maxpro Tracon Private Limited
 - · Victor Mediia Private Limited
 - Victor Distributors
 - · Maa Lacmi Network
 - · Global Cable
 - IT Agency
 - Rai Cable Network
 - Raja Cable
 - Puja Cable
 - Nico Network
 - Moa Vrushonev Satelito Vision
 - SRD Properties Pvt. Ltd.
 - · Efficeh Visual Channels private Limited
 - · Kolkata Media Services Private Limited
 - · Kolkala Entertainment Services LLP
 - May Fair Cable Line
 - Axom Communications & Cable Private Limited
 - Victor Electro Services
 - · Hi Tech Fibn and Brondcast Academy
 - Smart Cable & Broadband Services
 - Salelite Broadband Network
 - · Rei Cable
 - Raja Cable TV Network
 - RR Cable Network
 - New Raja Cable
 - Maa Vaighray Services
 - Mas Vershanay Vision
 - Shive Vision
 - · Baba Bholo Digital Network
 - Mahavir Star Metwork
 - Mea Rajrappo Digital Cable Notwork
 - Baba Bhole Digital Cable Network
 - · Lovely Digital Cable Network
 - Puja Rapi Digital Cable Network
 - Keshi Vishwanath Coble Network
 - Prokosh Cobie Network
- ** with whom the Company has transactions during the current year and previous year

. Director/ Key Managerial Personnel

- Mr. Surendia Kumar Aganvala
- · Mr. Suresh Kumar Sethiyo
- Mr. Sanjay Berry
- · Mr. Mukund Venkatesh Galgati
- Ms. Kavila Anand Kapahi
- · Mr. Atul Kumar Singh
- Mr. Laxman Singh Kaira

Whole Time Director Whole Time Director Director (w.e.f. 15.07.2020) Director (6ll 23.04.2020)

Independent Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary



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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year unded 31" March 2621

Transactions with related parties, (ኛ) ia Lakha Siti Darsban Cable Net Co. Siti Royal Horitoge Cable **Particulars** Siti Notwork Limited Calcutta Communication LLP (P) Ltd. Net (P) Lid. FY 20-21 FY 19-20 FY 20-21 FY 19-20 #¥ 20-21 FY 19-20 FY 20-21 FY 19-20 Expenses paid on behalf of 220 140 Purchase of Pixed Asset SQ Purchase of muterial & Services 1,150 1,867 1,230 416 LS Sales of service and materials t,110 1.417 Sale of Fixed essets 2 31 Bad Debt written off 207 Provision for Doubtful Debts 2 2 Outstanding at the end of year 414 592 212

Transactions with related par	tics.							(₹) in Lakh:
Particulars .	Purvi Communications LLF		Sist Vision Digital Media Pet Led		Smart Vinimay Private limited		Siti Singhblaum Cable Net Ca. (P) Ltd.	
	VY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Expenses paid on behalf of			_	_	_	_	Ð	n
Parchase of material & Services	,		-	-	25	33	·	-
Sales of service and materials					86	90	-	
Bad Dobt written off		_		_	16	_	2	-
Outstanding at the end of year	u	(8)	20	20	(4)			2

Particulars	Smart Cable & Servi			Garpitrips Combine Pvt Lid		Axom Communications &: Cable Pvt. Ltd.		Maxpro Tracon Pvt Ltd	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	
Expenses paid on behalf of						0:		_	
Purchase of material & Services		3	4	3		,	1	9	
Sales of service and materials	28	32	6	4	. 224	124	29	32	
Provision for Doubtful Dobts		-	-	-	41	41	.		
Baddebt written off	2		- 1			_	1	O	
Outstanding at the end of year	(0)	3	ı	1	341	438	. 1	3	

Transactions with related pa	rties.							(ኛ) in Lakk
Particulars	Siti Broadbane Le			iginet pyt fd	Raja Cable		New Roja Cable	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Parchase of material & Services			360	365		_		-
Sales of service and materials	-				28	40	15	12
Provision for Doubuful Debts	-	•	-	-	18	19	,	1
Outstanding at the end of year	89	89	(199)	(372)	18	19 f	1	

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31^d March 2021

Transportions with related parties.								
Particulars	Jiai C	Cable	Raja Cable TV Network		RR Cable Network		Ra! Cable Network	
	FY 28-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Sales of service and materials		-	7	10		41	. 14	' 15
Purchases of service and materials	-			-	5	2		
Provision for Donbtful Debts	0 :	. 0	3	3	0	0	2	2
Outstanding at the end of					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
year	0	. 0	3	3	an	m	2 1	Ż

Transactions with reinled par-	ties.							(₹) in Lakh
Particulors	SRD PROPERTIES PRIVATE LIMITED	VICTOR MEDIIA PRIVATE LIMITED		HiTech Visual Channels Private Limited		KOLKATA MEDIA SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED		
	NY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-28	FY 10-21	FY 19-20
Sales of service and materials	22	15		,	59	. 65	_	5
Purchase of material & Services	16	11	43	20	37	42	-	1
Bad Debt				-	_	- 1	7	ı
Outstanding at the end of year	2	l j	(31)	5	. 6	7	(0)	1

Transactions with related parties.

(₹) in Lakhs

Particulars	Kolkata Entertoloment Services LLP		MayFair Cable Link		Satelise Broadband Notwork		Victor Distributors	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	BY 19-20	FY 20-21	BY 19-20
Purchase of motorial &								
Services	121	166	5	5	12	13		-
Bad Debt Written off	3	ч	-	٠	-	,		<u>-</u>
Sales of service and materials	189	265	7		. 19	20	69	27
Provision for Doubtful Debts	-		-	-		-	12	12
Outstanding at the end of						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
year	13	27	(f)	(0)	ا ا	2	28	23

Transactions with related par Particulars	Raja Cable		IT Agency		Mnu Vaishunav Settlite Vision		(\$\) in Lukbs Maa Vaisinav Services	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Sales of service and materials	2	2 :	20	22	17	21	28	31
Provision for Doubtful Debts		-	6	6	3	4	3	3
Outstanding at the end of						•		
year /	(0)	Đ	5	6	3	3	3	

Transactions with related par	tios.							(in Lakhs)
Particulars .	Meu Vaisho	nav Vision 🕟	Shiva	Vision	Maa Lax	ni Network	Global Cable .	
	FY 20-23	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Sales of service and materials	17	22_	0		. 44	50	11	13
Provision for Doubtful Debts	3	4	8	.8	14	14	4	4
Outstanding at the end of								
year	3 .	4	8	. 8.	16	14	4	4

Transactions with related por	ties.								(🐧 in Lakhs
Particulars	Maa Laxm	l Network	Globa	Cable	Maa Laxs	ni Network 🎉	EN	lobał Ca	ible.
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-200	FX201		FY 19-20
Sales of service and materials	2	2	Ð		1		[\O]	3.	. 4
Provision for Doubtful Debts	1	1	_	Ó			Kolkata O	4	
Outstanding at the end of			/ .			113	\ \!\		
уеат	kr		J (1)	Û	1 !	1	Witte O'	.4	4.,
	1		79/			•			

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Transactions with related par	ties.							(v) in Lakha
Particulars	Nice No	twork	Paja	Cable	Baha Bhole Digital		Bigital Mahavir Star Network	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Seles of service and moterials	191	24	15	20	ū	. 1		
Provision for Doubtful Dobts	10	11	. •	17	· · · · · · -	8	-	0
Outstanding at the end of					:			
year	11	. 1 1	17	18	7	7	0	i ol

Transactions with related par	ties.							(f) in Lokhs
Particulars	Particulars Maa Rajrappa Digital Cable Network		Baba Bhale Digital Cable Network		Lovely Digital Cable Network		Puja Rani Digital Cable Network	
	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	PY 20-21	ЛУ 19-20	PY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Soles of service and materials	5	6	to	11	7	9	9	11
Provision for Doubtful Debts		2		1	-	1	-	1
Outstanding at the end of								
year	2	. 2	1	1	1	1	1	t

Transactions with related par		(₹) in Lakhs			
Porticulars	Kashi Vishw Nute	anath Cable fork	Prakaslı Çable Network		
	FX 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	
Sales of service and materials	- 6	η.		Û	
Provision for Doubtful Debts	•	l l	-	1	
Outstanding at the end of					
уевт	1	1	1	1	

Transactions with related page	Ges.					(₹) in Łakhs
Particulars	Hi Tech Film and Broadcast Academy		Victor Elec	tro Services	Variety Entertalament Pvt Ltd	
	IFY 28-31	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 19-20	FY 28-21	FY 19-20
Longs & Advances Given	-	1			4,812	-
Purchase of material &						
Services	138	148	3	6	<u> </u>	
Sales of service and emterials	E3 8		_		434	-
Outstanding at the end of						
year	0 :	(25)	Ð	-	5,214	

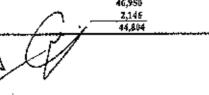
ì.	Payments roade to Key Managerial Personnel		(7) in Lakhs
	Porticulars	FY 20-11	FY 19-20
	Sureodra Kumar Agarwala *	127	77
	Suresh Kumar Sethiya *	127	77
	And Kamar Singh	54	5 0)
	Total Remuneration	306	204

^{*} Previous year renumeration is for part of the year.

69 Additional Information as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of Enterprises Consolidated (3) in Lakhs

		i.e., totai assets u Kalpihties	niones textal	Share to profit or loss		
Name of the Enterprise	As % of Consolidated Net Assets		Amount	As % of Cousolidated Profit or Loss	Amount	
Parent.						
Indian Cable Net Co. Lk	ł.	91.73	43,069	103.44	595	
Subsidiary						
Şiti Maurya Cable Net P	vt. Lid.	5.73	2,689	3.96	38	
Indine: Service Pet Ltd		(0.32)	(1\$1)	(9.38)	(90)	
Minority Interest in Subs	idiary	2.86	1,342	1.98	19	
			46,950	-	962	
(atta Group Elimination		\sim $-$	2,146	_	25	
TOTAL		/ ' %	44,804	_	937	

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Notes to Consolidated Suggests statements for the year ended 31" March 2021

- 70 The Financial statements have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the board of directors in their meeting hold on 22 June, 2021.
- 71 Provious year's figures have been regrouped and/or rearranged wherever necessary.

Notes to accounts referred in our report of even date.

For A.K. Bhalotia & Co. Chartered Accountants

(Fina Registration No. - 329475E)

A,K Bhalotia Proprietor Membership No.-465860

Place - Kelkata Date - For Indian Cable Net Ca Ltd (U92132WB (995PLC075754)

Supendra Kilmar Agarwala Whote Time Director DIN-00369816

Laxuron Singh Koira Company Secretary Suresh Kumar Sethiya Whole Time Director DIN-00349098

Acul Kachur Singh

